Task 2: Hydrologic Monitoring and Flushing Studies - Sawmill Brook Flood Mitigation and Restoration Project

To: Mary Reilly, Manchester-by-the-Sea Grants Administrator

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DATE: Jun 18, 2018

1 Introduction

This memorandum describes the field methods, data collection, and hydrologic modeling completed under Task 2 "Hydrologic Monitoring and Flushing Studies for the Sawmill Brook Tide Gate Removal and Restoration Feasibility Study". The memo includes a discussion of the observed stream flow conditions over a five-month period, and hydrologic modeling to evaluate the consequences of the Central Street Bridge tide gate removal and limited stream restoration on flood levels of adjacent and upstream properties.

Georgeann Keer, Division of Ecological Restoration (DER) and Eric Hutchins, NOAA Restoration Center (NOAA) served as technical advisors for this project. The technical advisors reviewed the field methodology providing helpful suggestions to refine the approach, were onsite during the initial water level equipment deployment and stopped by the site to take photos during an extreme high tide event. The advisors also assisted with review of draft and final deliverables.

To provide a more accurate base plan for the hydrologic studies, an existing conditions survey was completed for the study area in November 2017 by Doucet Survey Inc., from just below Center Street to just above Norwood Avenues. The existing conditions plan included cross sections across Central Street Pond and along the stream channel from Central Street to Norwood Avenue to provide elevations for the hydraulic model (HEC-RAS). Steam water level monitoring locations including staff gages, culvert headwalls and pressure transducer reference points were established in the survey. All retaining walls along the stream banks, top of bank, sill elevations were picked up by the surveyor and noted on the plan. Wetland resource areas were located in the field by Tighe & Bond wetland staff using a Trimble hand held GPS and transposing the areas to the existing conditions plan. The existing conditions plans are provided in Appendix A.

2 Stream Monitoring

This task included a five-month period of water level monitoring covering a range of flow conditions (fall low stream flow, extreme high tides, winter storm surge and spring high stream flow). Existing stream flow conditions were observed for the lower reaches of Sawmill Brook, extending from below Norwood Avenue, through the School Street culvert, Central Pond and including Manchester Harbor. The data was used provide a basic understanding of the existing hydrologic conditions and refine the previously completed Sawmill Brook hydrologic model to evaluate flood potential on adjacent properties in the study area with modifications at Central Street.

Three methods were used to measure water level data. Pressure transducers collected continuous data, staff gages provided visual measurements, and depth to water from culvert

headwalls were provided as a back-up reference in case of any physical measurement equipment malfunction (which unfortunately did occur). Manual water level discharge measurements were also obtained to help validate the modeling. The methods are described in the next section. Figure 1 provides a graphic showing the monitoring locations.

2.1 Staff Gages



Non-recording vertical staff gages were installed at the upper and lower extent of the project area to supplement the pressure transducer readings and as a reference backup. The gages are 4-inch wide, fiberglass style A gage with a U.S. scale.

The gages were initially located just below Norwood Avenue and 100 feet above the Central Street Bridge. The gages were mounted on fence post well-hammered into the stream bed, placing the bottom of the gage on the stream bed bottom. The A reference point was marked at the top of the gage plate and tied into the level circuit in November 2017. Volunteers were trained on reading the gages¹ and observations are included in Appendix B surveyed to NAVD88 datum.

The Central Street staff gage was dislocated in January due to ice, and was reinstalled 2/28/18 directly onto the granite sidewall just above the bridge (Photo 1) and the bench mark elevation

was resurveyed.

Photo 1: Central Street Bridge Surface Water Level Gage. Fiber glass gage is mounted on pressure treated lumber. Wall mount accomplished with lag bolts drilled into granite blocks.

2.2 Manual Stream Discharge Measurements

Manual discharge measurements of Sawmill Brook were obtained at the start and completion of the project for model calibration and flushing studies. The methodology used² is effective for wadable streams and culverts (Marsh-McBirney Flow-mate current meter with a wading rod to measure water depth). The measurements were made just south of Norwood Avenue and School Street, just north of Central Avenue, and at the north end of Central Pond (Photo

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¹Oklahoma Water Resource Board, Water Quality Program Division, "Standard Operating Procedure for the Installation of Nonrecording Gages and Measurement of State in Streams." October 2004 ²Washington State Department of Ecology. "Standard Operating Procedure for Measuring Streamflow for Water Quality Studies, Version 3.0, March 2016.

2). The measurements were completed on an outgoing tide to capture base flow. The November and April discharge measurements are included in Appendix B.



Photo 2: Sawmill Brook Stream Discharge Measuring. Stream velocity in feet/second is measured at discrete intervals across the channel. Stream discharge in cubic feet per second is obtained by multiplying the area for each interval.

2.3 Salinity Measurements

Salinity profiles were obtained for two purposes: vertical profiling data to calculate the flushing time of Central Pond and salinity measurements at different points going upstream at high tide.

Vertical salinity profiles were completed for transects south of Central Street in Manchester Harbor and north of Central Street in Central Pond. The profiles were used to verify the flushing time in Central Pond. The methodology for vertical profiling followed the Washington State Department of Ecology "Standard Operating Procedure for Measuring Vertically Averaged Salinity in Brackish Waters³, using a YSI 600XL salinity/conductivity probe with 20-foot cable. The transects were completed at high tide. At each transect, 5 vertical profiles were completed consisting of 5 or more measurements depending on the overall depth. The flushing time calculations require the use of discrete values, so for that purpose, the vertically averaged salinity were not used. For the determination of salinity to locate the freshwater/saltwater interface, the vertically averaged, area-weighed salinity was used. The profiles are provided in Appendix C.

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³ Washington State Department of Ecology. "Standard Operating Procedure for Measuring Vertically Averaged Salinity in Brackish Waters" November 2016

Salinity measurements were completed on April 18, 2018 just before and after the peak high tide event. Vertically averaged salinity just below Central Street Bridge in Manchester Harbor measured 17.61 parts per thousand(ppt), clearly reflecting the freshwater discharging from Central Pond. Vertically averaged salinity in Central Pond just above the Central Street Bridge was 1.68 ppt, indicating brackish conditions. (Note: salinity in the Gulf of Maine averages 30 ppt).

Two sets of measurements were taken 50 feet upstream (0.5 ppt just below the surface and 1.7 ppt just above the bottom) and 100 feet upstream from the Central Street Bridge (0.2 ppt just below the surface and 0.4 ppt just above the bottom), indicating high level of mixing as the stream discharge meets the tidal inflow. Measurements at School Street and Norwood Avenue measured 0.13 ppt both at high tide and low tide, indicating that brackish water was not present that far up Sawmill Brook. Up river salinity measurements are not indicative of tidal influence on flows. Backwatering conditions are anticipated up river of salinity limits.

2.4 Surface Water Level Pressure Transducers

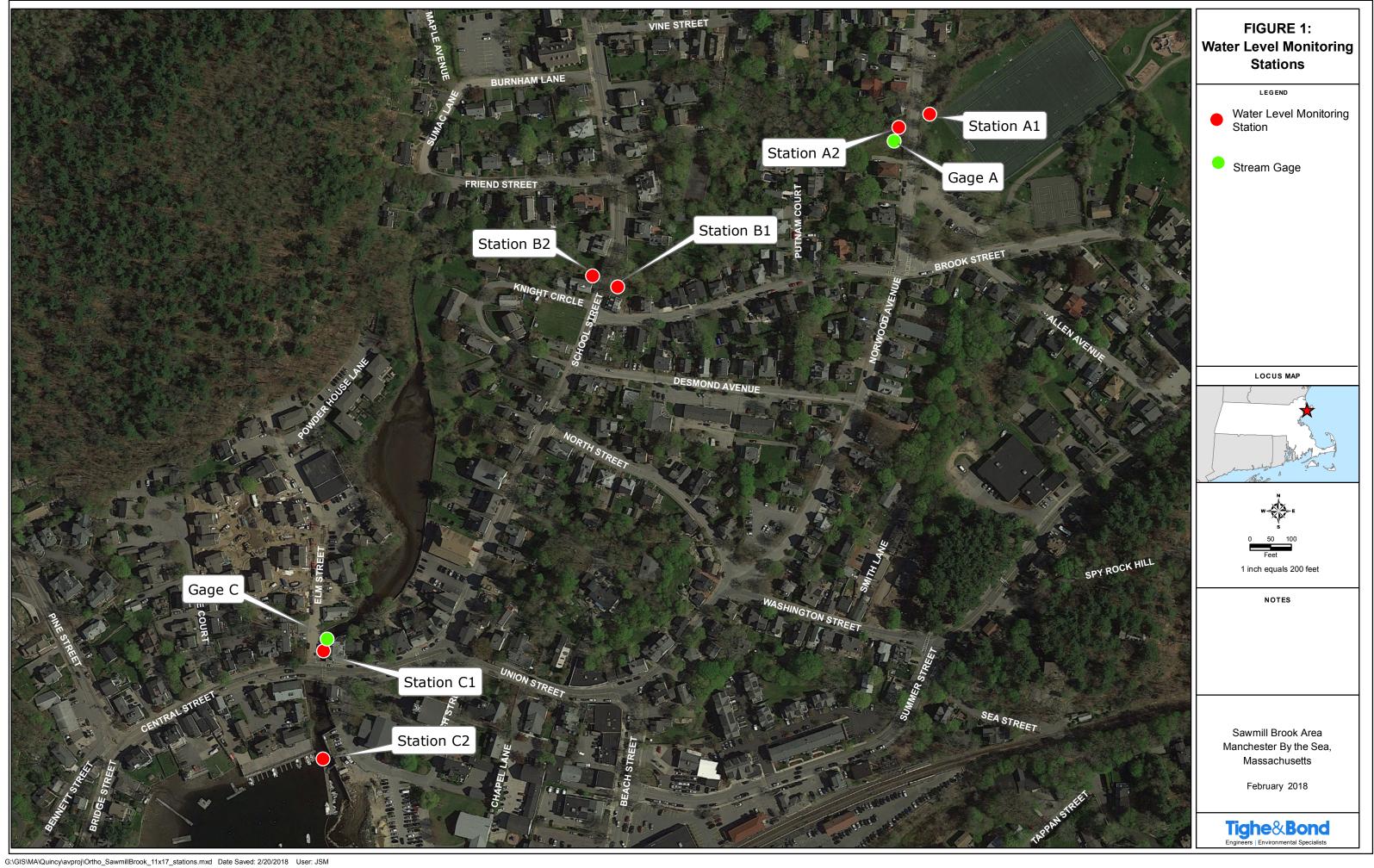
Onset® HOBO® U20L Water Level Pressure Transducers were installed to monitor changing water levels in Sawmill Brook, including base flow, storm event drainage and tidal fluctuation over the five-month data collection period. The surface water level data was used to refine the Sawmill Brook model to more realistically represent observed hydraulic conditions, and improve predicted potential future conditions for events that did not occur during the study period (e.g., extreme precipitation events, storm surge, and changes to the Central Street Culvert).



Six HOBO pressure transducers units were deployed at locations along Sawmill Brook above and below the 3 culverts that are part of the project area (Figure 1)). One additional unit was installed above the highest expected water level to serve as a control for changing barometric pressure. The pressure transducers were calibrated prior to deployment using Onset® software and set up to record water levels at 6-minute intervals to match Boston Harbor Tide the gage observation frequencies.

The pressure transducers in Sawmill Brook were installed in 1-foot long, 2-inch diameter PVC pipe sections, that were drilled with holes and capped at both ends. The pipe sections were bolted onto rebar installed hammered in the stream bank. The transducers were suspended from a non-stretchable wire (Photo 3), inside the PVC, as referenced

Photo 3: Method to deploy HOBO water level pressure transducers in stream bed below Norwood Ave. The PVC casing attached to fence post is shown to the left. The PVC was painted black to deter vandalism.



in the U20L Operation Manual⁴. Reference points on top of the PVC cap were established by survey and tied into the circuit. The depth to water were recorded at the time of deployment and used to calibrate the unit. One transducer set to record barometric pressure was installed above highest water level and in a protected location north of Norwood Avenue. Pressure transducers were installed above and below Central Street, School Street and Norwood Avenue culverts.

The unit in Manchester Harbor was attach to a concrete cinderblock and secured to the Town Pier with steel cable (Photos 4).



Photo 4: Method to deploy HOBO water level pressure transducers in Manchester Harbor using granite block and steel cable.

A headwall reference point was established on either side of the culverts, surveyed, and tied into the circuit. The reference marks were used to establish water level elevation above the pressure transducers at the time of deployment. Elevations were reestablished at all locations before and after downloading data to compensate for any minor shifts in equipment position.

Data was downloaded at regular intervals, and calibrated to compensate for variations in barometric pressure, water density (fresh or salt) and adjusted to NAVD88. During January extremely cold conditions prevailed, with ice forming above several of the units. The unit at position C1, above Central Street was dislodged from ice flow movement when the gate was opened on January 11th. The unit at position B1 was also dislodged in January. Both units were eventually retrieved and data captured. In the interim, units were shifted in position

⁴ Onset U20L Specifications, U20L Operation Manual, Barometric Compensation Assistant Users Guide.

to avoid losing data at the most important locations, just upstream of the Central Street bridge/tide gate, and upstream and downstream of the School Street culvert.

2.5 Tide Gate Operations

The tide gate at the Central Street Bridge was installed in the early 1900's to dam Sawmill Brook and create Central Pond just upstream. The gate is normally closed for most of the year, serving as a level control for the Pond. The top of the tide gate is at elevation 4.6 feet above MSL NAVD88, and regularly overtops during average to high tide events. When the gate is closed the hydrostatic pressure from impounded water leaks through the wingwalls adjacent to the bridge. Typically, the Town DPW only opens the gate to release flood waters if a large rain storm is predicted. The gate is also left open each year from March -May to provide an opportunity for fish passage.

For the purposes of this study the Town agreed to periodically leave the gate open, so that upstream water levels could be observed under a variety of storm and tide conditions. The Town opened the gate for increasing lengths of time on three occasions:

- One week in November-December (11/27/17- 12/7/17)
- Three weeks in January- February (1/11/18-2/6/18)
- Four months from March-June 2018

2.6 Data Collection

The hydrologic monitoring was conducted over a five-month period:

- 1. Manual stream discharge measurement at 3 locations were obtained in November and April to capture fall and spring base flow, and assist with model calibration.
- 2. Surface water level data collection extended from November April, including the following:
 - Volunteers recorded staff gage stream elevations and culvert headwall depth
 to water at 6 locations on a weekly basis. Periodic observations were made to
 capture extreme events from rainfall, extreme lunar tides, or wind driven storm
 surge. (Staff gage elevations are provided in Appendix B).
 - Pressure transducer data was collected every 6-minues at 6 locations.
 - Tighe & Bond downloaded the logger data in January, February, and April.
- 3. Manual salinity profile measurement within Manchester Harbor and upstream of Central Street on April 18, 2018 to evaluate salinity mixing within Central Pond.
- 4. Records of daily precipitation from the Manchester-by-the-Sea Wastewater Treatment Facility were obtained to correlate with observed water levels. Precipitation values measured in inches are reported each day at 8AM for the preceding 24-hour period, and may not always correlate well with the more frequent measurements for surface water levels from the pressure transducers. Snowfall was not measured separately by the Treatment Plant operators, values reported for precipitation are assumed to include any melted snow captured by the rain gage. In several instances, data from the Beverly Airport was checked as a backup where there was poor correlation. Any deviations from the reported value are noted in figures summarizing the results. (Precipitation records for December through April are provided in Appendix B).
- 5. Notable conditions occurred over the five-month monitoring period.
 - On December 5th, January 7th, and February 5th astronomic high tides were observed. The January 7th high tide exceeded the 100-year high tide at the Boston Tide Gage (NOAA, Tides and Currents Station #8443970).

 Extreme cold conditions were experienced from the end of December thru mid-January where rapidly accumulating ice in Sawmill Brook and Manchester Harbor affected some staff gage readings and dislodged two of the pressure transducers. The remainder of January and February was seasonally cold with periodic rain and snow.

- The highest 24-hour rainfall of 1.98 inches was recorded on April 16th. The second highest 24-hour precipitation event was 1.91 inches recorded on March 2,2018 during Winter Storm Riley.
- Back to back Nor'easters occurred on March 2nd, 7th, and 17th with high wind, storm surge, rain and snow.

2.7 Observed Surface Water Trends

Water level data was downloaded from the pressure transducers on 1/23/2018, 2/28/18 and 5/4/18. The raw data was first calibrated to local barometric pressure, and then elevations for each unit were adjusted with the adjacent bench marks to create a normalized data set using NAVD88 datum. Graphs were prepared for each location and include the local precipitation data and tide gate position. All water elevation data reported is in feet NAVD88.

2.7.1 Manchester Harbor and Central Street Bridge- C1/C2

Data obtained from the pressure transducers above and below the Central Street Bridge were essential to evaluate the conditions at the Bridge under various hydrologic settings. The immediate goal was evaluating how high tide periods impacted upstream water levels and whether the tide gate provided upstream flood mitigation. The secondary goal was to provide the range of surface elevations for input into the hydraulic model and to evaluating flushing from Central Pond and sediment transport. Hydrologic conditions observed over the fivementh monitoring period were sufficient to capture a wide range of conditions, including the record high tide set on January 4, 2018. Results at this location are provided in Figures 2 and 3 and summarized below.

Manchester Harbor (C2)

Water level data collected from 11/28/217- 5/04/2018) Station C2 in Manchester Harbor (Figure 2) depict the following local tidal conditions:

- The highest tide from the fall of 2017 was measured on 12/5/2017, a maximum tidal range of 13.3 feet was measured, with a maximum water level elevation of 7.2 feet recorded on 12/5/2017.
- Visual observations by the project team during the 12/4/2017 high tide indicated that the closed tide gate was not restricting water level fluctuation upstream of the gate.
- Over the five-month monitoring period, the maximum water level elevation recorded at Station C2 was 8.9 feet on 1/4/2018. This reading occurred during the January "Bomb-Cyclone", with record breaking⁵ high tide and a reported 0.74 inches of precipitation.

⁵ On 1/4/18 The Boston tide gage exceeded the previously recorded high-water level for approximately 20 minutes at 12:30 PM.

• Over the five-month monitoring period daily high tides exceeded the tide gate head wall elevation of 4.61 feet 203 out of the 313 recorded tides, or 64.86% of the monitoring period.

• Headwall measurements taken just outside the Seaside One building, seaward of the tide gate, fall within the range measured by the pressure transducer at site C2.



Photo 5: High Tide on December 3, 2017 the tide is well above the top of the tide gate

Central Street Bridge (C1)

Water level monitoring data from Sawmill Brook at Station C1 just above the Central Street Bridge (Figure 3) depicts the following conditions:

• The tide gate is regularly overtopped by high tide conditions. Over the five-month monitoring period there were 290 high tides recorded, and 194 were greater than the tide gate head wall crest elevation of 4.61 feet, (66.90%). Taking into account the tide gate position, when the tide gate was open 176 high tides were recorded, and 119 were greater than 4.61 or 67.91%. When the tide gate was closed, 114 high tides were observed and 75 were greater than 4.61 or 65.79%.

During the reporting period, the maximum water level elevation recorded at Station C1 was 9.08 feet, at 12:48 on 1/4/2018. This reading occurred during a record breaking⁶

⁶ On 1/4/18 the Boston tide gage (Station ID: 8443970) exceeded the previously recorded high-water level for approximately 20 minutes at 12:30 PM.

high tide and a recorded 0.74 inches of precipitation. Flooding was observed at several locations along Central Pond (Photo 6).

• The range of water level elevations at data logger C1 over five-months ranged from 0.45 feet to 9.09 feet. With the tide gate closed, the average elevation during high tide was 4.90 feet, and at low tide the average elevation was 4.25 feet. With the tide gate opened, the average elevation during high tide was 5.13 feet, and at low tide the average elevation was 1.03 feet.



Photo 6: Central Pond adjacent to the Manchester Fire Department shown on 1/4/2018. Rising water levels eventually overtopped the wall (elevation 5.4 ft. NAVD88) flooding the parking area and Fire Department basement and garage area.

2.7.2 School Street Culvert - B1/B2

Data obtained from the pressure transducers above and below the School Street Culvert were helpful to evaluate conditions under various hydrologic settings. The immediate goal was to evaluate how tidal conditions impacted water levels at School Street with the opening and closing of the tide gate. The secondary goal was to see if culvert restrictions were evident on the upstream side with a large rainfall event (Photo 7). Unfortunately, the first deployed upstream pressure transducer was dislodged during the January cold spell, and the response to the highest January rainfall event was not captured. As with the other sites, the information also provides the data to calibrate the hydrologic model. Hydrologic conditions observed over the five-month monitoring period were sufficient to capture a wide range of conditions. Results at this location are provided in Figures 4 and summarized below.

• The tidal response measured at Station B2 are evident when compared to Station C2 data (Figure 2). The surface water fluctuation here are due to increase pressure gradient from the high tide elevation, and are most notable on 12/2/2017 through 12/7/2017 (tide gate open), 1/1/2018 through 1/4/2018 (tide gate closed) and again from 1/28/2018-2/1/2018 (tide gate open). The tidal response was observed both during dry weather conditions and with precipitation event. Periods with ice accumulation are noted on the graph impacting manual surface water levels.

 Sudden water level increases are well correlated with precipitation events throughout the observation period, except for a 2/17/2018 rain event measuring 0.8 inches. This may have been a data entry error as it is hard to explain otherwise.

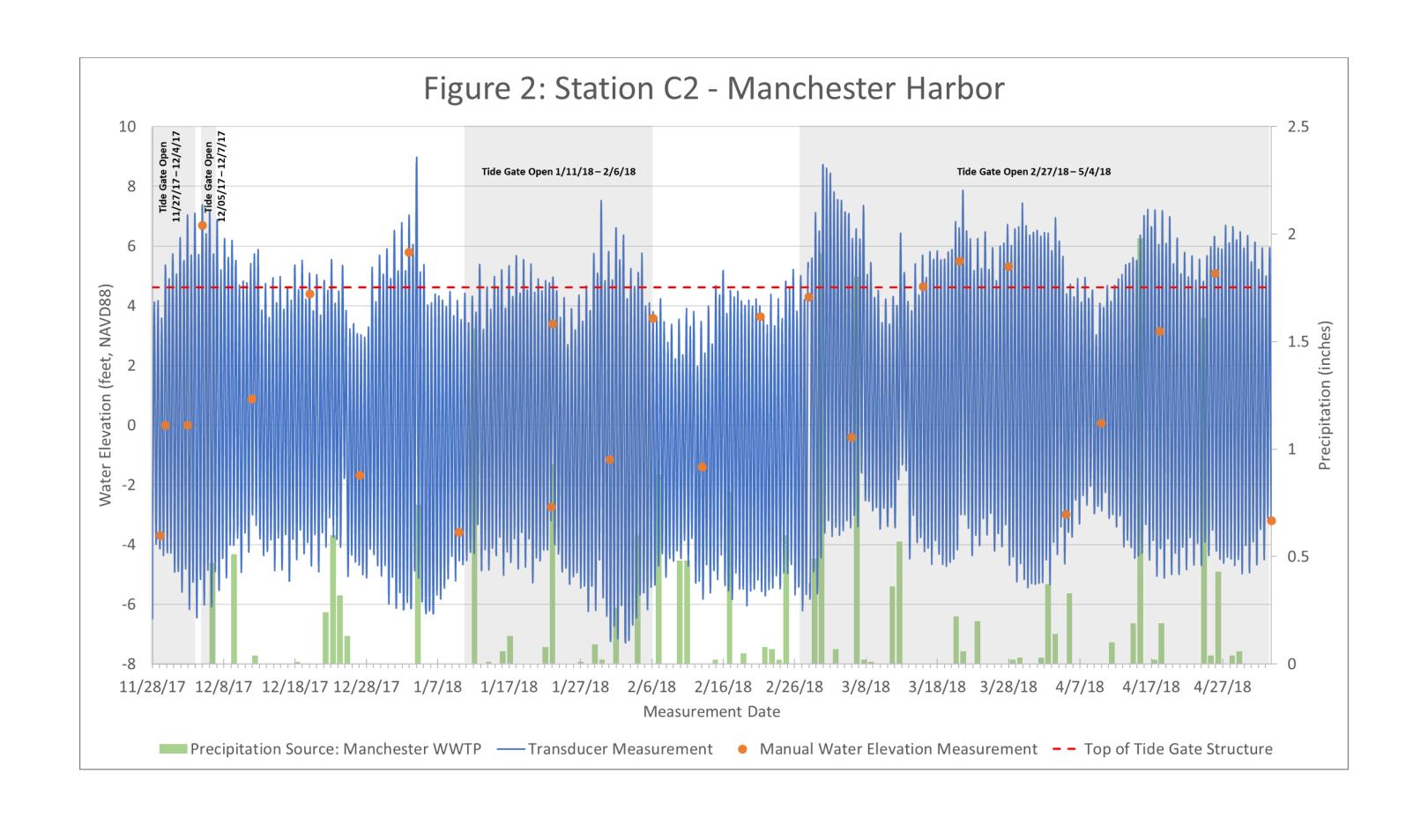


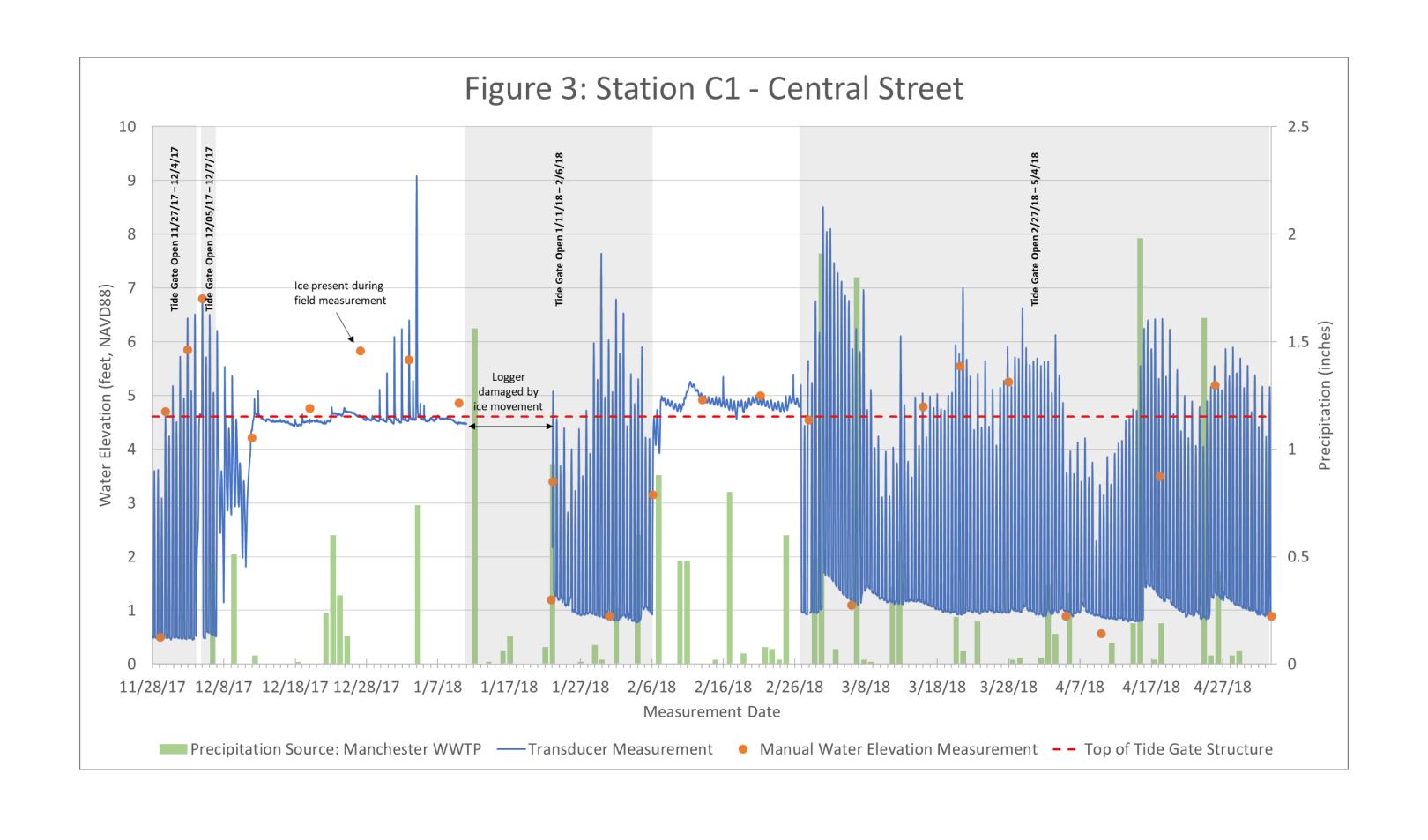
Photo 7: The upstream side of the School Street culvert is an example of the narrow, channelized character of Sawmill Brook. This location overtopped in the 2006 Mother's Day storm, causing extensive damage to adjacent properties. The gravel bottom and location just upstream from Central Pond provides a prime rainbow smelt spawning location.

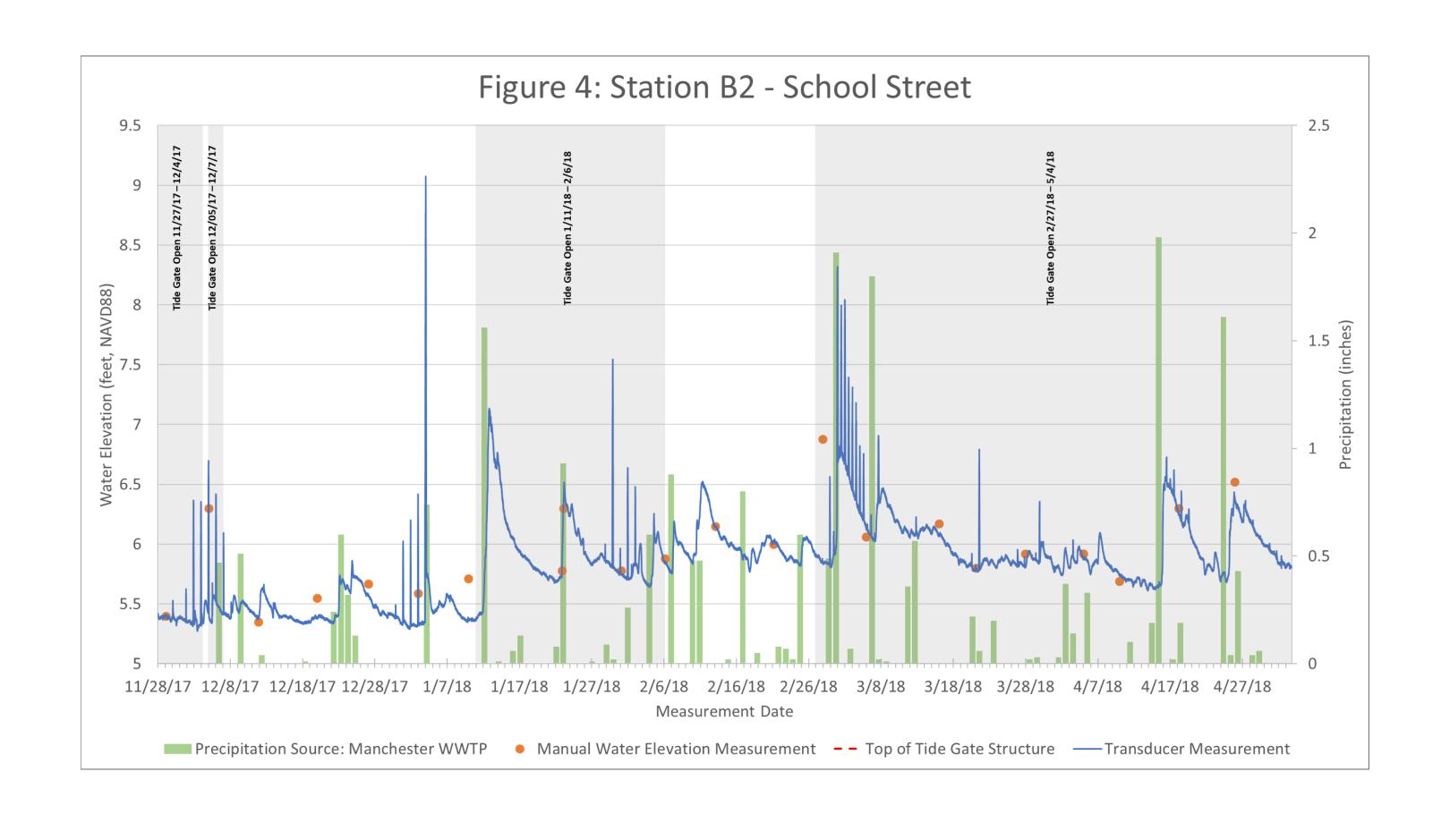
2.7.3 Norwood Avenue Culvert – Stations A1 / A2

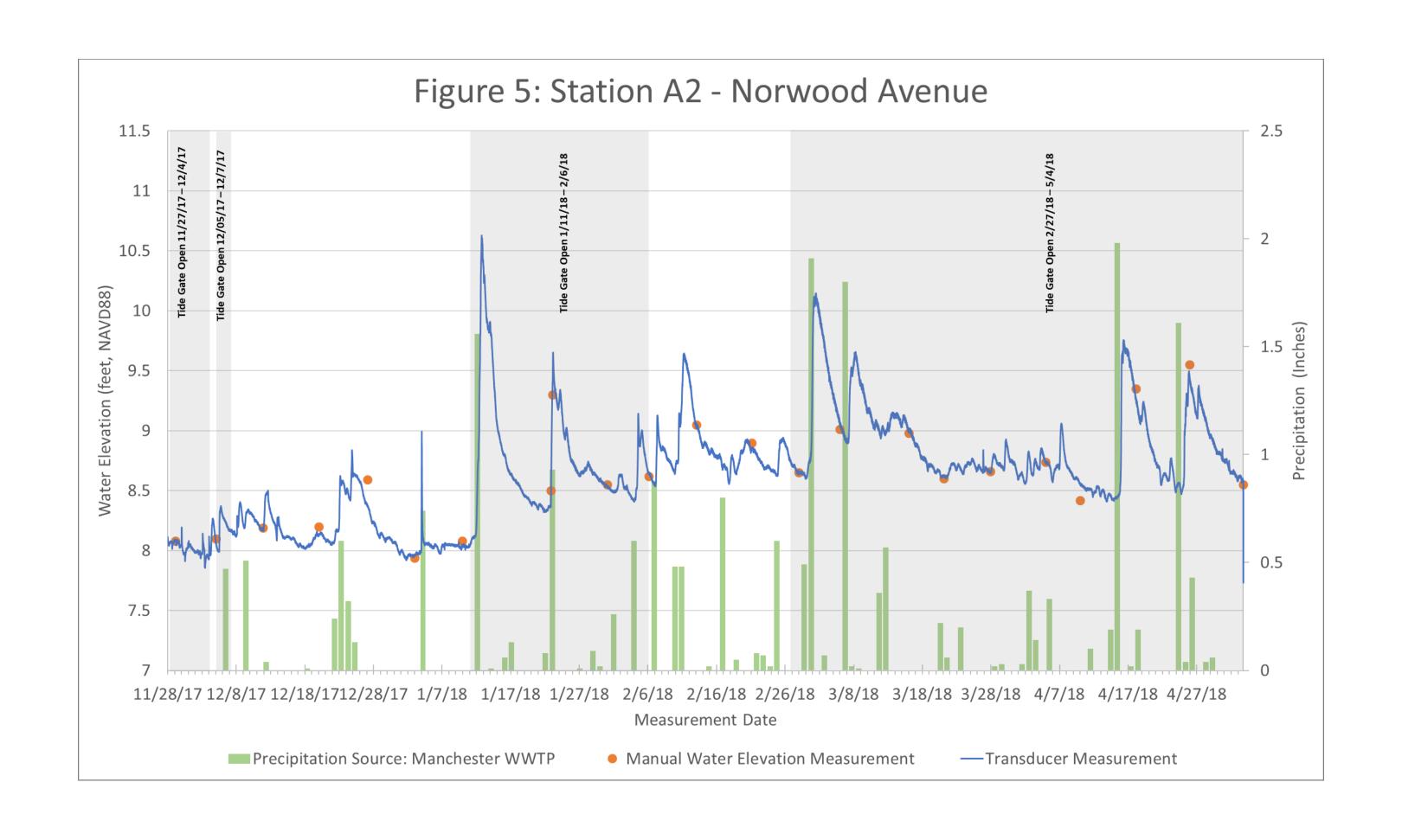
Data obtained from the pressure transducers above and below the Norwood Avenue Culvert, manual measurements at the Norwood Ave culvert headwall, and Staff Gage A were helpful to evaluate conditions under various hydrologic settings (Photo 8). The immediate goal was evaluating if culvert restrictions were evident on the upstream side with a large rainfall event. As with the other sites, the information also provides the data to calibrate the hydrologic model. Hydrologic conditions observed over the five-month monitoring period were sufficient to capture a wide range of conditions. Results at this location are provided in Figures 5 and summarized below.

- Water level monitoring data from the Norwood Avenue Culvert (Stations A1 / A2) does not indicate any tidal response as observed at Station B2 (Figure 4).
- A comparison of water elevations at Stations A1 and A2 suggests that the culvert was not a significant restriction to flow during the reporting period.









• The majority of sudden water level increases are attributed to precipitation events. A few events don't follow this pattern and may be due to rapid snow melt, release of water due to the breaking of an identified upstream beaver dam (Photo 9).



Photo 8: The downstream side of the Norwood Avenue is shown here. Gage A is installed on a heavy-duty fence post, pounded deep into the stream bottom. Volunteers took weekly depth to water measurements at the headwall bench mark location, indicated by the orange mark at the edge of the pavement.



Photo 9 The upstream side of the Norwood Avenue is shown here. The pressure transducer is in the bottom right corner. Just upstream, evidence of recent beaver activity is still causing some backup, an ongoing issue at this location.

2.8 Baseflow Measurements

Data obtained from the manual flow measurements provide a reasonable range for anticipated baseflow as observed on November 28, 2017 (Fall), and April 18, 2018 (Spring). Table 1 summarizes the observed Fall and Spring flows. The Fall flows ranged from 1.3 to 2.3 cubic feet per second, while the Spring flows ranged from 15.1 to 26.7 cubic feet per second.

TABLE 1Fall and Spring Baseflow Measruments¹

Location	Fall Baseflow (ft³/s)	Spring Baseflow (ft ³ /s)	Average (ft³/s)
Manchester Harbor (Downstream of Central Pond)	1.3	15.1	8.2
Upstream of Central Pond	1.5	26.7	14.1
School Street	2.3	26.7	14.5
Norwood Avenue	1.8	25.9	13.9

¹ The Fall measurements were taken on November 28, 2017, and the Spring measurements were taken on April 18, 2018.

3 Hydrologic Modeling

There are three components to the hydrologic modeling completed for this grant. First, the HEC-RAS model was updated to incorporate the topographic survey and surface water level monitoring, and second, a flushing analysis was completed to characterize the tidal hydrodynamics of Sawmill Brook. The end result of the modeling is to create a realistic representation of existing conditions at Sawmill Brook and to develop an understanding of the impacts of proposed improvements at Central Street. The developed HEC-RAS model will also be used as part of the sediment transport analysis as part of Task 3 "Characterization of Sediment and Sediment Transport" of this study.

The following sections provide the findings for each element.

3.1 Hydraulic Model

3.1.1 Model Geometry

A hydraulic analysis of Sawmill Brook was prepared using HEC-RAS, a hydraulic modeling program available from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. This model updates the previous planning level modeling performed as part of the "Sawmill Brook Culvert and Green Infrastructure Analysis Task 4 Final Report: Evaluation of Locations for Flood Mitigation" prepared by Tighe & Bond in February 2016, with updates based on the November 2017 survey by Doucet Survey Inc., and surface water level monitoring. The updated model includes Sawmill Brook from approximately 50 feet upstream of Norwood Avenue to approximately 100 feet downstream of Central Street.

To update the model, Tighe & Bond first created a Triangular Irregular Network (TIN) elevation surface using the 2017 survey and MassGIS LiDAR topographic data for overbank areas beyond the extent of the surveyed cross sections. A geometric representation of the channel, banks, and cross-sections was created using the HEC-GeoRAS tool to extract cross sections from the TIN. Sawmill Brook was modeled using 30 cross sections, culverts at Norwood Avenue, School Street, and Central Street, as well as the existing tide gate structure

immediately downstream of Central Street. The Manning's roughness coefficients were estimated to be 0.04 in the upstream area of the reach and 0.03 toward the downstream area based on the survey and orthographic imagery. The overbank area Manning's n varied from 0.035 (commercial/industrial land use) to 0.1 (forest cover). The overbank Manning's n varied horizontally along the cross sections and were calculated using the MassGIS 2015 land use dataset.

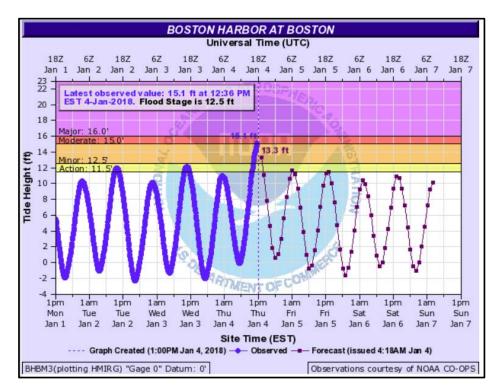
Model geometry scenarios were developed for:

- 1. Existing Conditions with the Tide Gate Closed
- 2. Existing Conditions with the Tide Gate Open
- 3. A Proposed Condition with the Tide Gate Removed and Larger Central Street Culvert

The proposed condition improvements include removing the tide gate and replacing the existing Central Street Culvert with an 18-foot wide Conspan arch culvert or equivalent opening. The proposed culvert would maintain the existing upstream and downstream invert elevations (-0.2 feet NAVD88, and -4 feet NAVD88, respectively), and provide a constant low chord elevation of 6 feet NAVD88. The Town is planning to replace the Central Street Bridge and the exact geometry of the proposed culvert may vary from the proposed model following a detailed underground utility survey and geotechnical investigation. The hydrology and hydrologic model will be adjusted to account for the exact dimensions once the final design is completed.

3.1.2 January 2018 Record High Tide Time-Varying Modeling

The January 2018 record high Tide was evaluated using the time-varying (also known as "unsteady") capabilities of HEC-RAS, utilizing the observed tide levels within Manchester Harbor as a downstream boundary condition when the tide gate was closed. The model time interval extended from January 1, 2018 to January 7, 2018, and included the record breaking high tide observed on January 4, 2018 (see inset below).



The Sawmill Brook baseflow upstream of Norwood Avenue and at the Central Pond was estimated based on the observed surface water level monitoring and stream discharge data. The Manning's roughness coefficient and seepage through the Central Street road bed were used as calibration parameters. Appendix C shows the observed and modeled water surface elevations within Sawmill Brook from January 1, 2018 to January 4, 2018.

Once the calibrated existing condition model was developed as observed with the tide gate closed, January 2018 record high tide conditions were used to run through a scenario with the tide gate open, and a scenario with the proposed improvements. It was determined that the maximum water surface elevation associated with the January 2018 record hightide would have been approximately the same whether the tide gate was open, or whether the proposed improvements had taken place. The similar peak water surface elevations can be attributed to the fact that the January 4, 2018 peak tide elevation was approximately 4 feet above the tide gate crest elevation. Figure 5 shows the HEC-RAS model cross sections and the inundation extent for the January 2018 record high tide.

3.1.3 Design Storm Steady-State Modeling

The 25-, 50-, and 100-year frequency design storm events were evaluated for existing conditions with the tide gate open, existing condition with the tide gate closed, and for proposed conditions. A detailed hydrologic analysis was performed using HEC-HMS as part of the February 2016 "Sawmill Brook Culvert and Green Infrastructure Analysis Task 4 Final Report: Evaluation of Locations for Flood Mitigation" prepared by Tighe & Bond. The 2016 study included 25-, 50-, and 100-year flow estimates for the present, 2025, 2050, and 2100 while incorporating multiple energy use climate change projections for rainfall, as well as sea level rise, and storm surge. The flows from the 2016 study were used for this 2018 model update, although the design storms were simplified into 9 scenarios as shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2Design Storm Model Flow Rates from February 2016 study¹

Model Scenario ¹	Downstream Boundary Condition ²	Flow to Norwood Avenue (ft ³ /s)	Flow to Central Pond (ft ³ /s)
Present (2018) 25-Year	MHHW	1,228	1,363
Present (2018) 50-year	MHHW	1,565	1,772
Present (2018) 100-year	MHHW	2,000	2,267
Future (2100) 25-Year	MHHW + SLR	1,706	1,930
Future (2100) 50-Year	MHHW + SLR	1,717	1,946
Future (2100) 100-Year	MHHW + SLR	2,562	2,943
Present (2018) 25-Year with Storm Surge	Annual Storm Surge	1,228	1,363
Present (2018) 50-year with Storm Surge	Annual Storm Surge	1,565	1,772
Present (2018) 100-year with Storm Surge	Annual Storm Surge	2,000	2,267

¹ The proposed conditions involve removing the tide gate and providing an 18-foot wide Conspan arch culvert. The proposed culvert would maintain the existing upstream and downstream invert elevations and provide a constant low chord (underside of bridge) elevation of 6 feet NAVD88.

The downstream boundary conditions for the design storm hydraulic modeling were the Mean Higher High Water (MHHW) and the annual storm surge elevation. The modeled MHHW elevation was 4.77 feet NAVD88 based on the NOAA Long Term Tide Water Level Monitoring Station ID: 8443970. The annual storm surge elevation was provided in the February 2016

² MHHW = Mean Higher High Water, SLR = Sea Level Rise





Model Cross Section (label indicates feet upstream of Central Street)

January 4, 2018 King Tide Model Inundation Area



JANUARY 4, 2018 KING TIDE MODEL INUNDATION AREA

Manchester-by-the-Sea Sawmill Brook Feasibility Study

1 in = 200 ft

100 200 Feet



Based on MassGIS Color Orthophotography (2013).

April 2018

study as approximately 8.2 feet NAVD88. The 2016 study estimated that the annual storm surge elevation in 2100 would overtop Central Street so future storm surge scenarios were not modeled.

The sea level rise increase in 2100 used for this study is 2 feet. This value falls within the 66% probability range provided in the Northeast Climate Science Center (NECSC) sea level rise projections for the Boston area for the two emissions scenarios evaluated⁷. The MHHW elevation accounting for sea level rise was therefore 6.77 feet NAVD88. The future (2100) flow estimates with Balanced Energy Use from the 2016 study were used for this study.

The geometry of the proposed culvert was selected so that it could pass the present (2018) and future (2100) 25- and 50-year frequency storm events. Table 3 summarizes the capacity of Central Street for existing (tide gate open and closed) and proposed conditions. Note that under existing conditions Central Street could not pass the present 25-year storm event during MHHW whether or not the tide gate is open. Figure 6 shows present 25-year frequency storm event during MHHW inundation area for existing (tide gate open and closed) and proposed conditions. The 25-year inundation area during MHHW is highest for existing conditions when the tide gate is closed, though it is similar to the inundation area if the tide gate were open. Note that the inundation areas are approximately the same upstream of School Street for existing (tide gate open or closed) and proposed conditions.

TABLE 3Overtopping of Central Street for Existing and Proposed Conditions

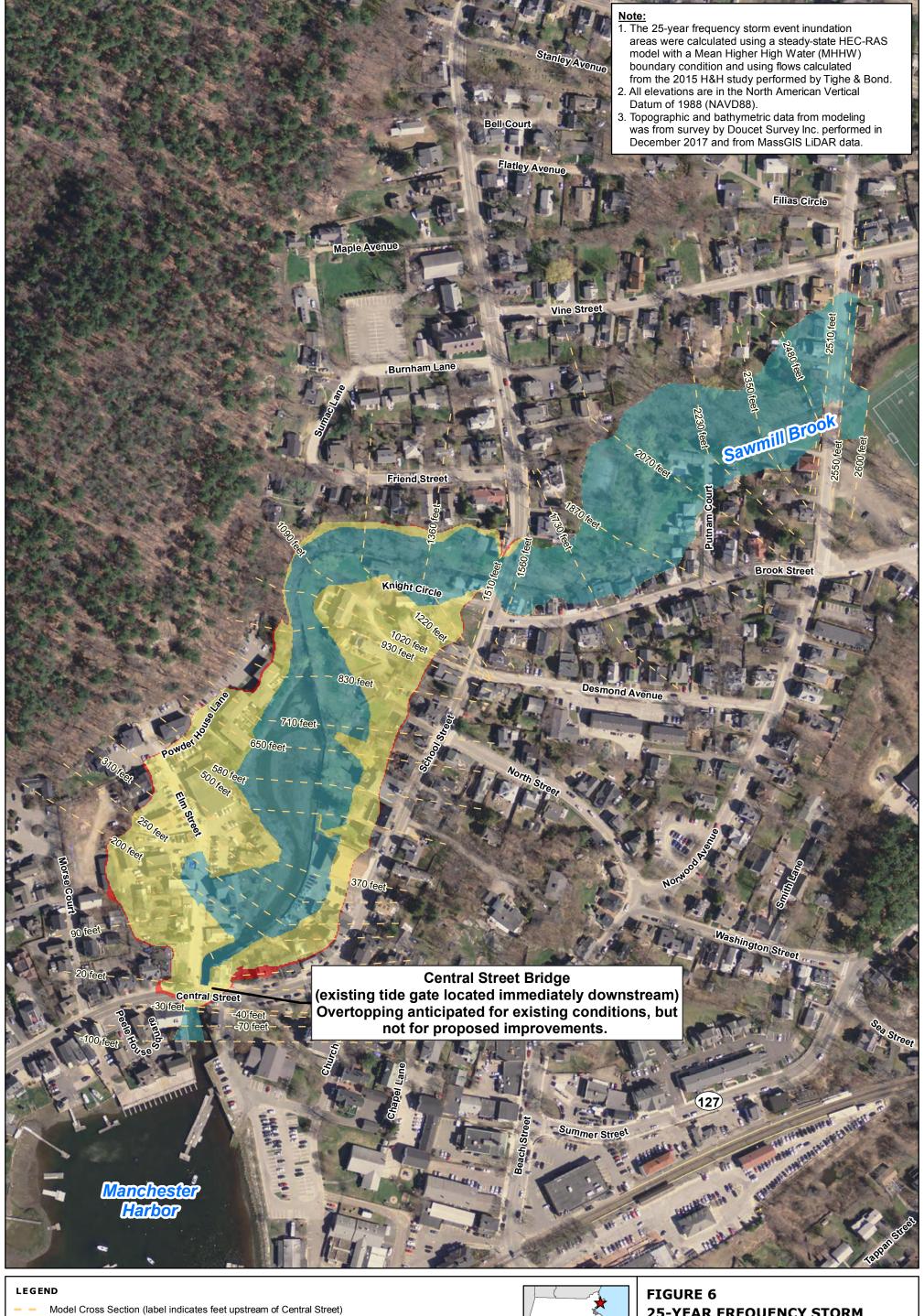
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Model Scenario ¹	Existing Conditions Tide Gate Open	Existing Conditions Tide Gate Closed	Proposed Conditions ²
Present (2018) 25-Year	Overtops	Overtops	Capacity
Present (2018) 50-Year	Overtops	Overtops	Capacity
Present (2018) 100-Year	Overtops	Overtops	Overtops
Future (2100) 25-Year	Overtops	Overtops	Capacity
Future (2100) 50-Year	Overtops	Overtops	Capacity
Future (2100) 100-Year	Overtops	Overtops	Overtops
Present (2018) 25-Year with Storm Surge	Overtops	Overtops	Capacity
Present (2018) 50-Year with Storm Surge	Overtops	Overtops	Overtops
Present (2018) 100-Year with Storm Surge	Overtops	Overtops	Overtops

¹ "Sawmill Brook Culvert and Green Infrastructure Analysis Task 4 Final Report: Evaluation of Locations for Flood Mitigation" prepared by Tighe & Bond, February 2016.

_

² The proposed conditions involve removing the tide gate and providing an 18-foot wide Conspan arch culvert. The proposed culvert would maintain the existing upstream and downstream invert elevations and provide a constant low chord elevation of 6 feet NAVD88.

⁷ Northeast Climate Science Center (NECSC) "Massachusetts Climate Change Projections - Statewide and for Major River Basins" for the Massachusetts Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs, January 2018. Available from http://www.massclimatechange.org/.



Proposed Conditions 25-year Storm Flow (Larger Culvert, and tidegate removed) Inundation Area

Existing Conditions Tide Gate Open 25-year Storm Flow Inundation Area

Existing Conditions Tide Gate Closed 25-year Storm Flow Inundation Area



Based on MassGIS Color Orthophotography (2013).



100

Feet

1 in = 200 ft

200

25-YEAR FREQUENCY STORM EVENT INUNDATION AREA

Manchester-by-the-Sea Sawmill Brook Feasibility Study

April 2018

3.2 Flushing Study

3.2.1 Tidal Prism

A flushing study of the immediate harbor and Central Pond was completed, based on tides and stream discharge. The tidal range, volume of water moving in and out of Central Pond through the stream channel and harbor, were estimated, and a tidal prism developed to calculate volumetric turnover.

The tidal range was determined by subtracting the volume of water stored in Sawmill Brook during the average low tide from the volume of water stored in Sawmill Brook during the average high tide. The average high tide observed during surface water monitoring in Manchester Harbor was approximately 4.7 feet NAVD88, and the average low tide was -4.9 feet NAVD88. The low tide elevations within Central Pond is limited by the tide gate elevation (4.6 feet NAVD88) when the tide gate is closed, and the Central Street culvert inlet (0.2 feet NAVD88) when the tide gate is open. The Central Street culvert inlet would also be the low-level control for proposed conditions (the proposed improvements would maintain the invert elevation).

The calibrated HEC-RAS hydraulic model was used model low tide and high tide conditions for existing conditions (tide gate open and closed) and proposed conditions. A baseflow of 14 cubic feet per second was provided based on the average Fall and Spring baseflow measurements shown in Table 1. Water surface elevation grids were exported from HEC-RAS for each model scenario and then imported into AutoCAD Civil3D as surfaces. The AutoCAD Civil3D surface volume tools were used to calculate the volumes during low and high tide for each scenario using the water surface elevation surfaces and the surveyed topographic surface provided by Survey Inc. from their November 2017 survey.

Table 4 shows the tidal volumes for existing conditions (tide gate open and closed) and proposed conditions. The tidal prism for existing conditions with the tide gate closed is relatively small (0.2 acre-feet) due the high tide only extends approximately 0.1 feet above the tide gate elevation, preventing the opportunity for tidal fluctuation. Low tide is lower than the bottom elevation of Central Pond, so the Central Street culvert inlet is the control for existing conditions with the tide gate open and for proposed conditions. The tidal prism for both these scenarios is controlled by tailwater backing up fresh water so the tidal prism is approximately the same for both (4.5 acre-feet and 4.4 acre-feet, respectively). The slight reduction in tidal prism is due to slightly lower high tide water levels in Central Pond if the tide gate were removed because the proposed hydraulic constriction (larger culvert with tide gate removed) would cause less of a backup than the existing constriction (smaller culvert with the tide gate). The tidal prism observed for conditions when the tide gate is open can be considered a reasonable approximation for anticipated proposed conditions.

TABLE 4Central Pond and Sawmill Brook Tidal Range¹

Model Scenario	Low Tide Volume (cubic yard)	High Tide Volume (cubic yard)	Tidal Prism (cubic yard)	Tidal Prism (acre-feet)
Existing Conditions (Tide Gate Closed)	7,430	7,700	270	0.2
Existing Conditions (Tide Gate Open)	510	7,700	7,190	4.5
Proposed Conditions ¹	510	7,670	7,160	4.4

¹ The proposed conditions involve removing the tide gate and providing an 18-foot wide Conspan arch culvert. The proposed culvert would maintain the existing upstream and downstream invert elevations and provide a constant low chord elevation of 6 feet NAVD88.

3.2.2 Salinity Profile and Flushing Time

Salinity profiles were developed along transects upstream and downstream of Central Street on April 18, 2018 during high tide while the tide gate was open. Figure 8 and Figure 9 show the salinity measured at varying depths along the transects upstream and downstream of Central Street, respectively. The salinity concentration upstream of Central Street was approximately 0.2 ppt within 2 feet of the water surface, and increased with the depth. The salinity concentrations downstream of Central Street increased from the water surface elevation to a depth of 2 feet, before stabilizing at approximately 26 ppt for all transects. The fresh and salt water do not appear to be well mixed, with fresh water generally observed at the surface, and salt water tending to settle toward the bottom of the water column. The salt concentrations observed upstream of Central Street can be considered highly stratified.



FIGURE 8
Salinity Profile Upstream of Central Street

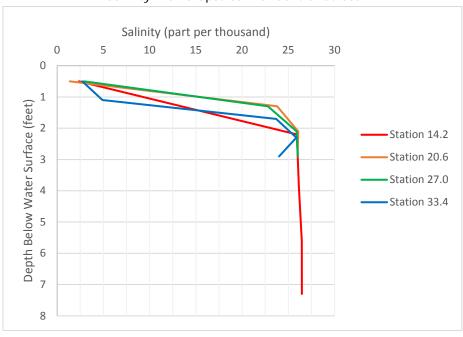


FIGURE 9
Salinity Profile Downstream of Central Street

The average salinity upstream of Central Street was calculated as approximately 1.7 part per thousand (ppt), whereas the average salinity downstream of Central Street was calculated as 19.8 ppt. The salinity decreases by an order of magnitude through Central Street, indicating that Central Pond is fresh water dominant. The tidal prism is therefore likely occurring primarily due to tailwater backing up fresh water from upstream and not flowing salt water. The salinity at School Street and Norwood Avenue was measured at 0.13 ppt, supporting this observation. The fraction of salt water from Manchester Harbor was estimated using the concentration dilution formula as shown in Appendix D. It is estimated that approximately 10-percent of the flow located upstream of Central Street is salt water from Manchester Harbor and the remaining 90-percent is fresh water from Sawmill Brook. It should be noted that salinity measurements were collected during the non-growing season for saltwater vegetation. It is possible that during the late spring and summer growing season that the fresh water stream influence could be less (particularly during periods of low baseflow), potentially resulting in higher salinities in Central Pond.

The flushing time was estimated using the Knudsen Formula⁸, which is considered suitable for highly stratified estuaries as observed at Central Pond for the conditions observed during the high tide on April 18, 2018 while the tide gate was open. The inputs for the calculation include the tidal prism volume, the discharge leaving Central Pond, the salinity at the top of the water column, and the salinity at the bottom of the water column. The flushing time is estimated to be approximately 2 hours, as shown in Appendix D. Due to the similarity in the tidal prism between existing conditions with the tide gate open and proposed conditions, it is anticipated that the flushing time and salinity profile would be similar for proposed conditions as were observed while the tide gate was open.

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⁸ Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO (IOC-UNESCO) "Flushing Time". https://www.mtoceanography.info/ShelfCoast/notes/chapter15.html.

4 Conclusions

4.1.1 Observed Response to Changing Hydrologic Conditions

Base flow was measured during low flow conditions in the fall and high spring flows. A gradual increase in water levels was observed over the five-month monitoring period, with accelerated rise from March- April due to above average precipitation.

Precipitation was measured at the Manchester Wastewater Treatment Plant, within a mile from Sawmill Brook. The winter(December-February) monthly precipitation totals were average, and spring (March-April) monthly precipitations totals were above average, with a maximum 24-hour precipitation of 1.98 inches recorded on April 16. This amount is equal to the regional 1-year 24-hour recurrence interval precipitation event⁹. This precipitation amount is common, and expected to occur every year. Sawmill Brook surface water elevation rapidly rose with almost every recorded precipitation event.

Backwater effects at School Street and Norwood Avenue due to culvert restrictions were not detected. The culverts are not currently sized to accommodate a 25-year 24-hour storm; however, they are likely designed to pass either the 2- or 10-year 24-hour storm events, so backwater impacts would not be expected with the size of precipitation events observed during the five-month monitoring period.

Tailwater conditions created by the fluctuating tide levels were observed in the hydrographs at upstream locations, including C-1, A1 and A2. Tidal prism results indicate that Central Pond is fresh water dominant. The tidal impacts observed on the hydrographs upstream are due to the rising water levels at the Central Street Bridge transferring pressure head upstream, and not actual saltwater inundation.

Tidal restrictions during high tide were not observed at the Central Street Bridge when the tide gate was closed. The tide gate crest elevation of 4.6 was set to provide drainage for high stream flows. Salt water flowed freely into the Pond over the tide gate once the Harbor elevations rose above elevation 4.6 feet NAVD88. The average high tide elevation of 4.7 is consistent with observed surface water elevation in Central Pond.

4.1.2 Modeling Results and Implications for Restoration

The modeling reinforced the observed similarity in high tide impacts to Central Pond whether tide gate is open or closed. For example, the modeled maximum water surface elevation calibrated for the January 2018 record high tide conditions were approximately the same whether the tide gate was open, or whether the proposed improvements had taken place. The 25-year inundation area during MHHW is highest for existing conditions when the tide gate is closed, though it is similar to the inundation area if the tide gate were open. The proposed Central Street Bridge improvements would be anticipated to reduce the 25-year inundation area due to increased hydraulic capacity through the Central Street Bridge. The inundation areas are approximately the same upstream of School Street for existing conditions (tide gate open or closed) and proposed conditions, in agreement with observed conditions in the field.

⁹ https://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/pfds_map_cont.html?bkmrk=ma

Field sampling and modeling indicate that Central Pond is fresh water dominant. The flushing time is estimated to be approximately two hours, although the salinity was substantially lower upstream of Central Street than within Manchester Harbor. The tidal prism is therefore likely occurring primarily due to tailwater backing up fresh water from upstream and not flowing salt water. The low salinity measured at School Street and Norwood Avenue further support this observation. Due to the similarity in the tidal prism between existing conditions with the tide gate open and proposed conditions, it is anticipated that the flushing time and salinity profile would be similar for proposed conditions as were observed while the tide gate was open.

4.1.3 Long term gage and logger maintenance recommendations

The data collection completed during the winter/spring of 2017/2018 was sufficient to complete the feasibility assessment tasks. The next steps for Sawmill Brook restoration will be completing the design and permitting of the tide gate removal and Central Street Bridge repairs, and a restoration plan for Central Street Pond. Maintaining water level observations over the long term will provide the data to track any periodic or long-term changes to water levels during and after the restoration projects are completed.

A potential plan for long term monitoring would be to maintain Gages C1, C2 and A2 on a reduced schedule. Ongoing monitoring would support the restoration efforts planned for Central Pond and Central Street Bridge by tracking long-term changes in water level response. The reduced monitoring plan would include:

- Resetting the pressure transducer interval from 6 minutes to 30 minutes.
- Downloading the pressure transducer data quarterly. (September, December, March, June).
- Reducing the volunteer observations at the gages and headwalls from weekly to monthly.
- Removing any gathering debris from the gages and loggers quarterly or more often if needed.

J:\M\M1476 Manchester MA Hydro Study\009_MET_Sawmill Feasibility\Task 2 - Hydro Monitoring - Flushing\Deliverables- Draft Report\Sawmill Brook Feasibility Hydrologic Technical Report 6.17.18.docx

APPENDIX A

TOWN OF MANCHESTER-BY-THE-SEA, MASSACHUSETTS SAWMILL BROOK EXISTING CONDITIONS & TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN CENTRAL STREET TO NORWOOD AVENUE

LIST OF DRAWINGS				
SHEET NO.	SHEET TITLE			
1	COVER			
2	NOTES			
3	STA. 0+00 TO STA. 4+60			
4	STA. 4+60 TO STA. 8+60			
5	STA. 8+60 TO STA. 14+45			
6	STA. 14+45 TO STA. 21+10			
7	STA. 21+10 TO STA. 27+43			
8	CROSS SECTION VIEWS OF SAWMILL BROOK PREPARED BY DOUCET SURVEY, INC., DECEMBER 2017 (SHEET 7 OF 8)			
9	CROSS SECTION VIEWS OF SAWMILL BROOK PREPARED BY DOUCET SURVEY, INC., DECEMBER 2017 (SHEET 8 OF 8)			

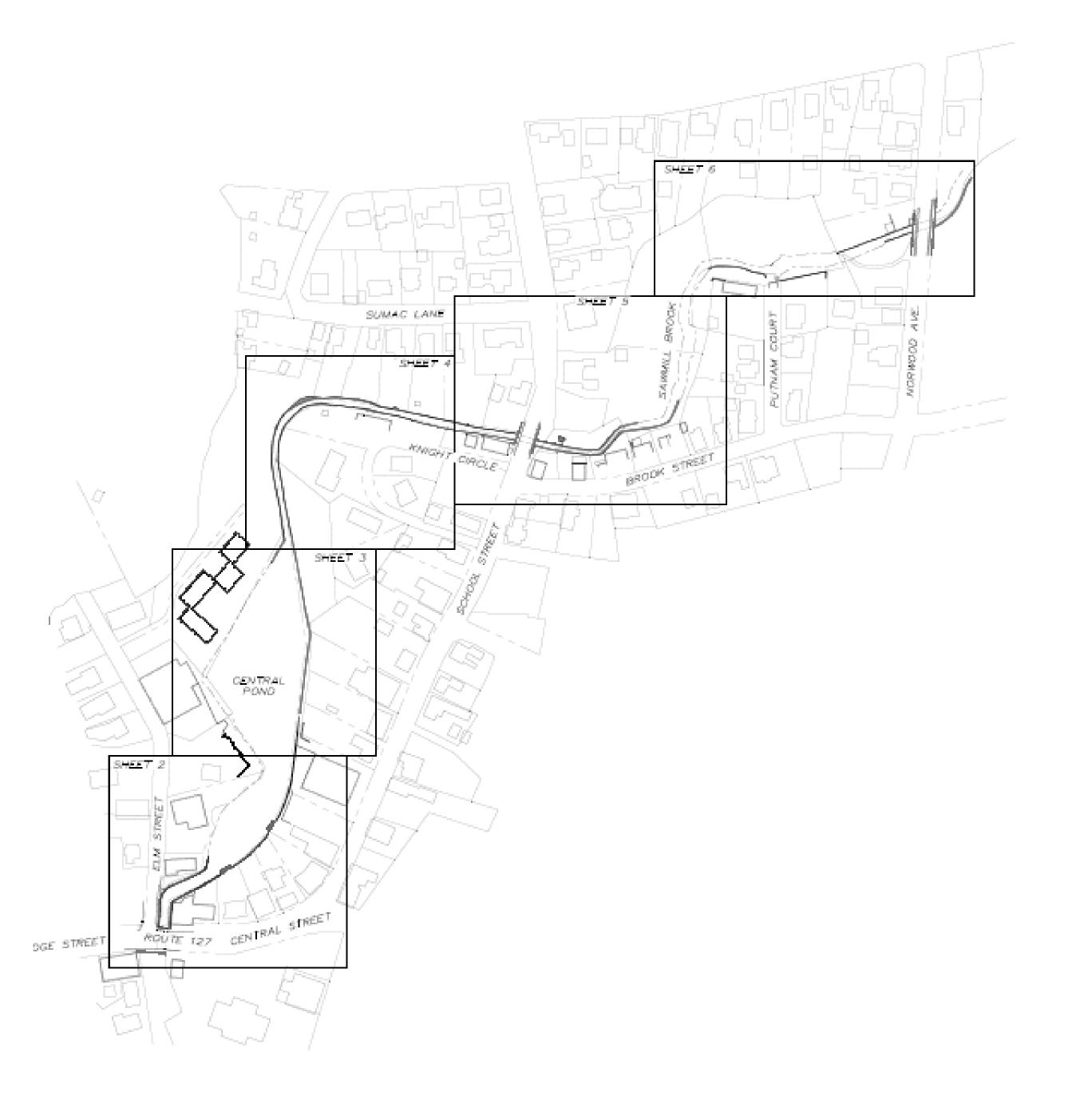




PROGRESS DRAFT NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

COMPLETE SET 9 SHEETS

- 1. REFERENCE: SAW MILL BROOK
 BRIDGE STREET TO NORWOOD AVE.
 MANCHESTER-BY-THE-SEA, MA
 D.S.I. PROJECT NO. 4536
- 2. FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED BY J.M.L. & J.C.M. DURING NOVEMBER 2017 USING A TRIMBLE S6 TOTAL STATION WITH A TRIMBLE TSC3 DATA COLLECTOR AND A. TRAVERSE ADJUSTMENT BASED ON LEAST SQUARE ANALYSIS.
- 3. HORIZONTAL DATUM BASED ON MASSACHUSETTS MAINLAND ZONE NAD83(2011) DERIVED FROM REDUNDANT GPS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING THE KEYNET GPS VRS NETWORK.
- 4. VERTICAL DATUM IS BASED ON NAVD88 DERIVED FROM REDUNDANT GPS OBSERVATIONS UTILIZING THE KEYNET GPS VRS NETWORK AND CALIBRATED TO THREE MASSDOT GEODETIC CONTROL STATIONS.
- 5. PROPER FIELD PROCEDURES WERE FOLLOWED IN ORDER TO GENERATE CONTOURS AT 2' INTERVALS. ANY MODIFICATION OF THIS INTERVAL WILL DIMINISH THE INTEGRITY OF THE DATA, AND DOUCET SURVEY, INC. WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY SUCH ALTERATION PERFORMED BY THE USER.
- 6. THE ACCURACY OF MEASURED UTILITY INVERTS AND PIPE SIZES/TYPES IS SUBJECT TO NUMEROUS FIELD CONDITIONS, INCLUDING; THE ABILITY TO MAKE VISUAL OBSERVATIONS, DIRECT ACCESS TO THE VARIOUS ELEMENTS, MANHOLE CONFIGURATION, ETC.
- 7. ALL ELECTRIC, GAS, TEL. WATER, SEWER AND DRAIN SERVICES ARE SHOWN IN SCHEMATIC FASHION, THEIR LOCATIONS ARE NOT PRECISE OR NECESSARILY ACCURATE. NO WORK WHATSOEVER SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN ON THIS SITE USING THIS PLAN TO LOCATE THE ABOVE SERVICES. CONSULT WITH THE PROPER AUTHORITIES CONCERNED WITH THE SUBJECT SERVICE LOCATIONS FOR INFORMATION REGARDING SUCH. CALL DIG-SAFE AT 1-888-DIG-SAFE.
- 8. WETLAND DELINEATION BY TIGHE & BOND, INC. WETLANDS TO THE NORTH-EAST OF NORWOOD AVENUE WERE DELINEATED ON JANUARY 23, 2017, AND FIELD LOCATED AS PART OF FIELD SURVEY BY CORNER POST LAND SURVEYING, INC., DATED MARCH 10, 2017. WETLANDS ALONG SAWMILL BROOK AND CENTRAL POND NORTH OF CENTRAL STREET AND SOUTH OF NORWOOD AVENUE WERE DELINEATED ON APRIL 18, 2018, AND FIELD LOCATED AS PART OF SURVEY BY DOUCET SURVEY, INC., DATED DECEMBER 2017.
- 9. FEMA FLOOD ZONES WITH REVISIONS ARE BASED ON FIRM PANELS FOR MANCHESTER—BY—THE—SEA, EFFECTIVE DATE JULY 16, 2014 AND APPROVED LETTER OF MAP REVISIONS FOR MANCHESTER BAY VIA MANCHESTER HARBOR AND BLACKS COVE, EFFECTIVE DATE JANUARY 2, 2017. SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS (SFHA) INUNDATED BY 100—YEAR FLOOD SOURCES INCLUDES ZONES A, AE, AH, AO, V AND VE.





NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Sawmill Brook Existing Conditions & Topographic Plan

Central Street to Norwood Ave

Manchester -by-the-Sea, MA

DERIFY SCALE

BAR IS 1 INCH ON
ORIGINAL DRAWING

1 INCH
IF NOT ONE INCH ON
THIS SHEET, ADJUST
SCALES ACCORDINGLY

4RK	DATE	DESCRIPTION		
ROJECT NO:		22-1467		
ATE:		2018/01		
E: Site Plan.dwg				
RAWN BY:		GSH		

NOTES

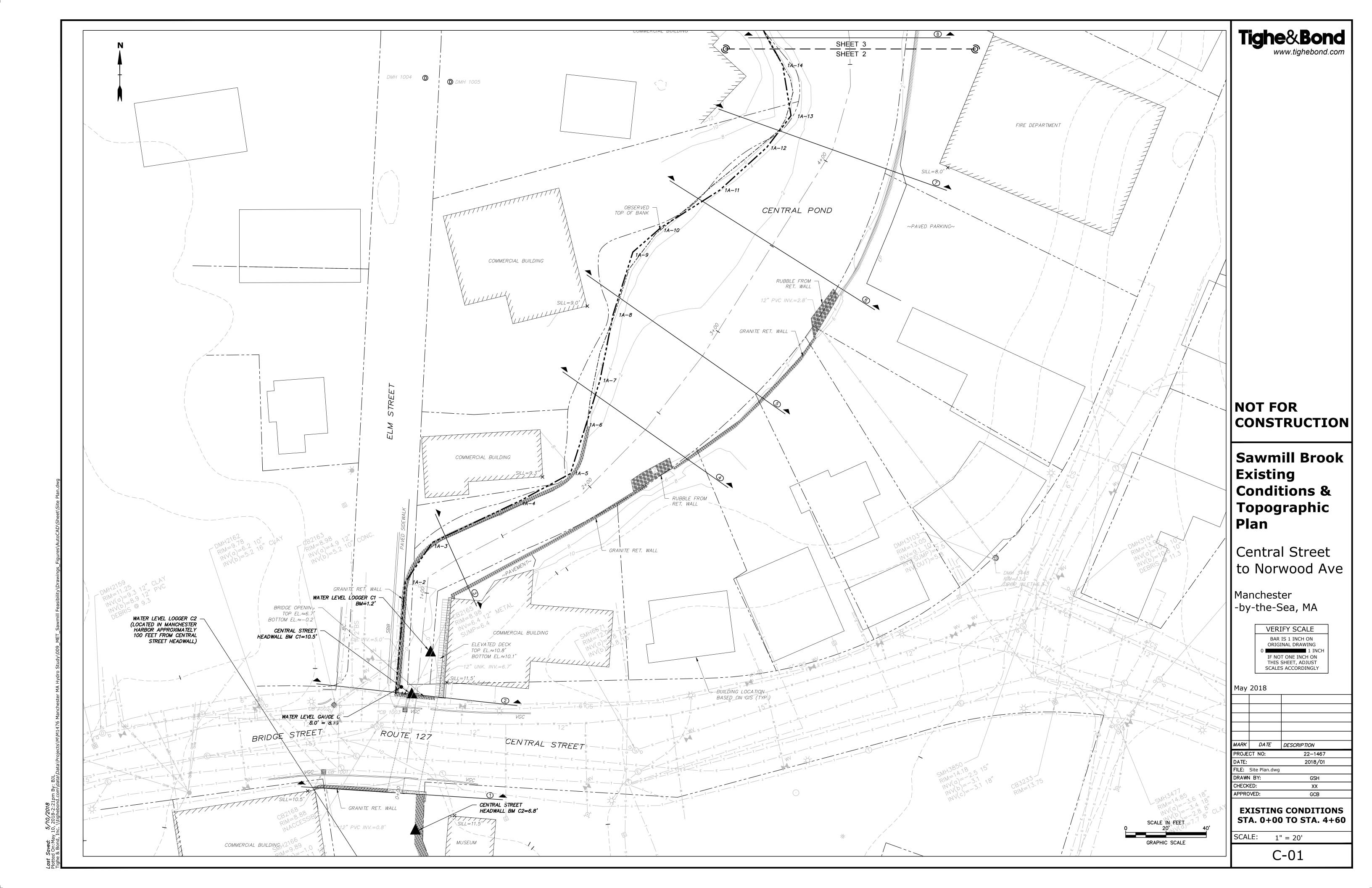
SCALE: 1" = 20'

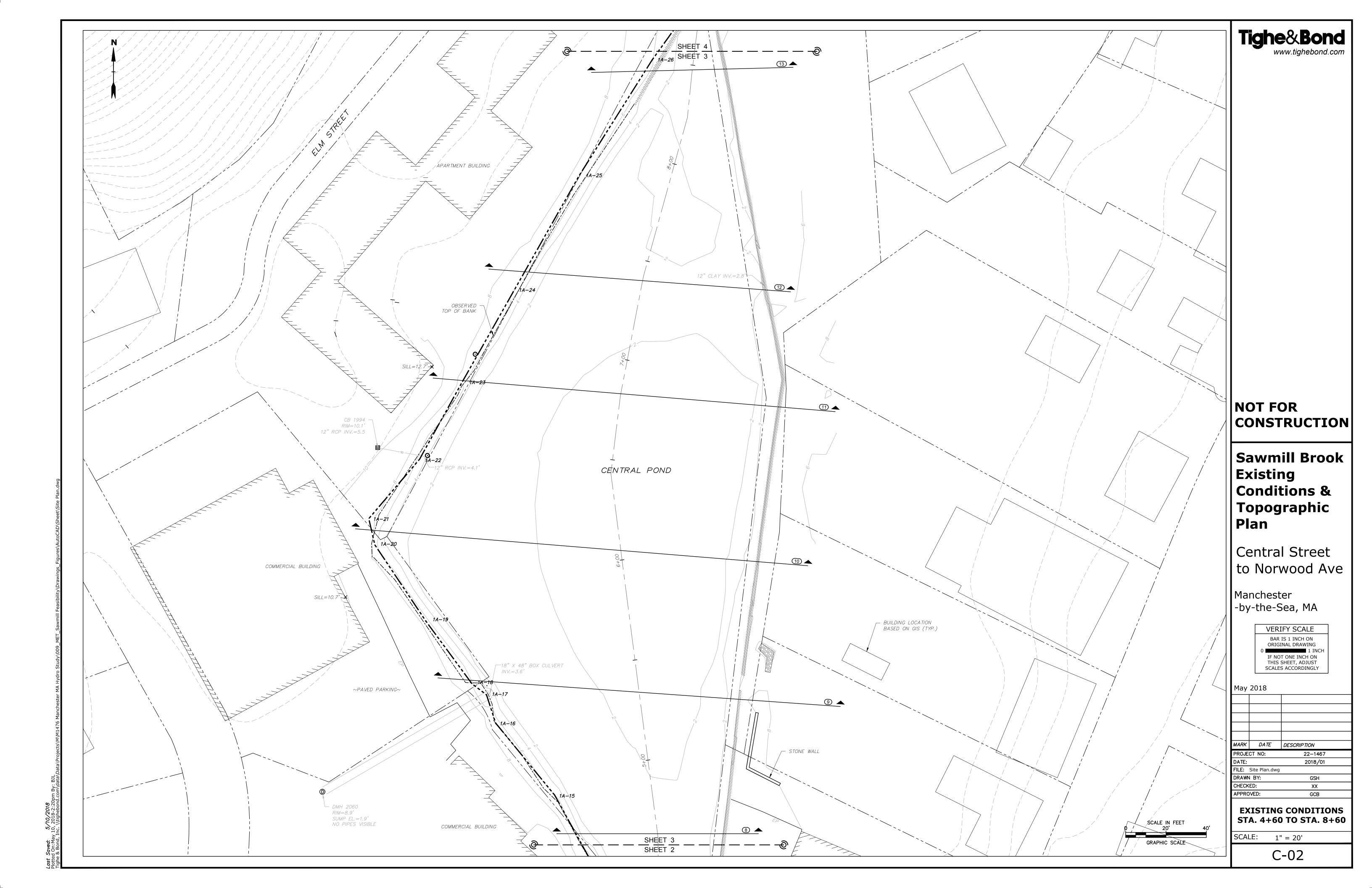
CHECKED:
APPROVED:

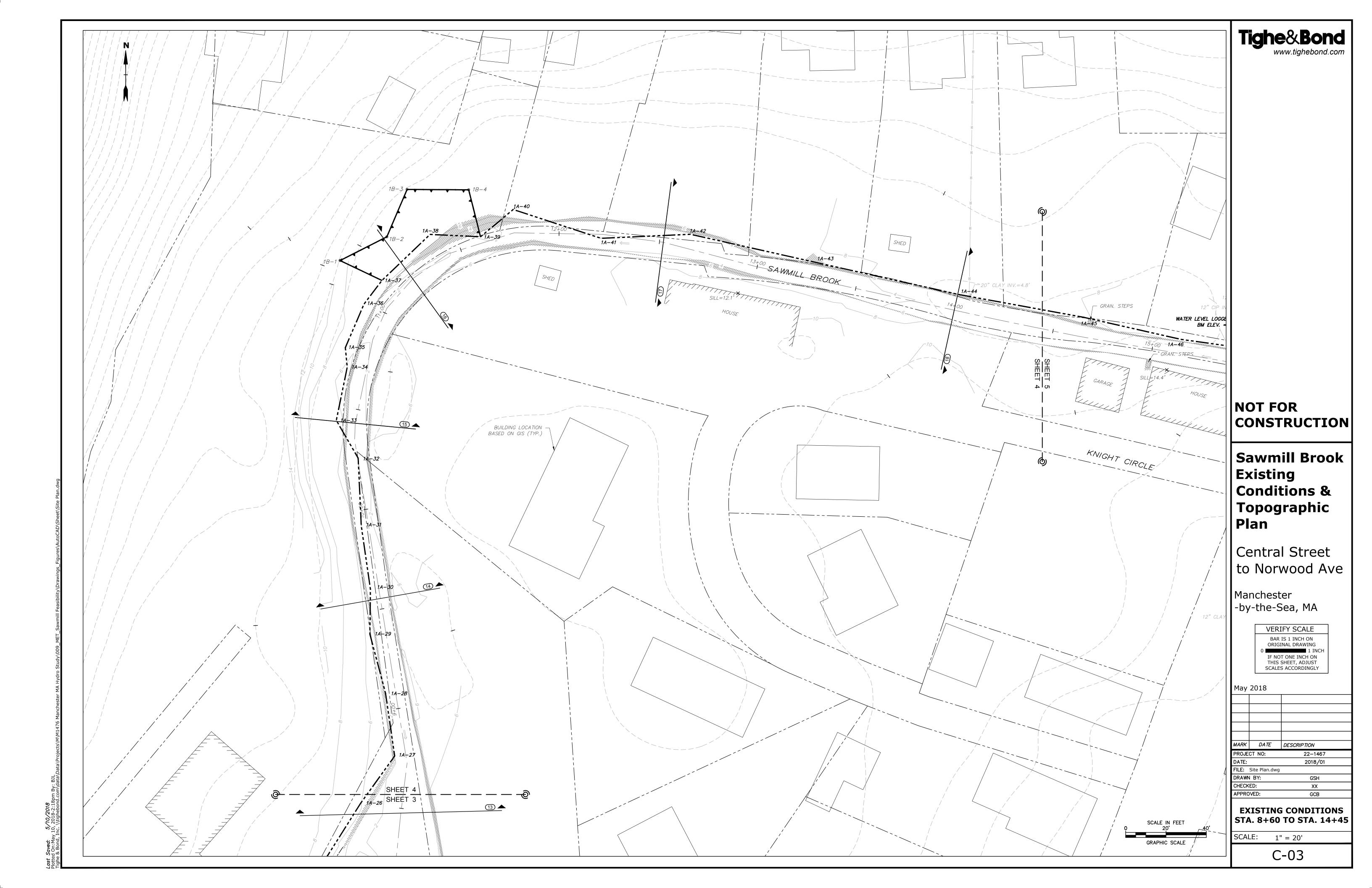
May 2018

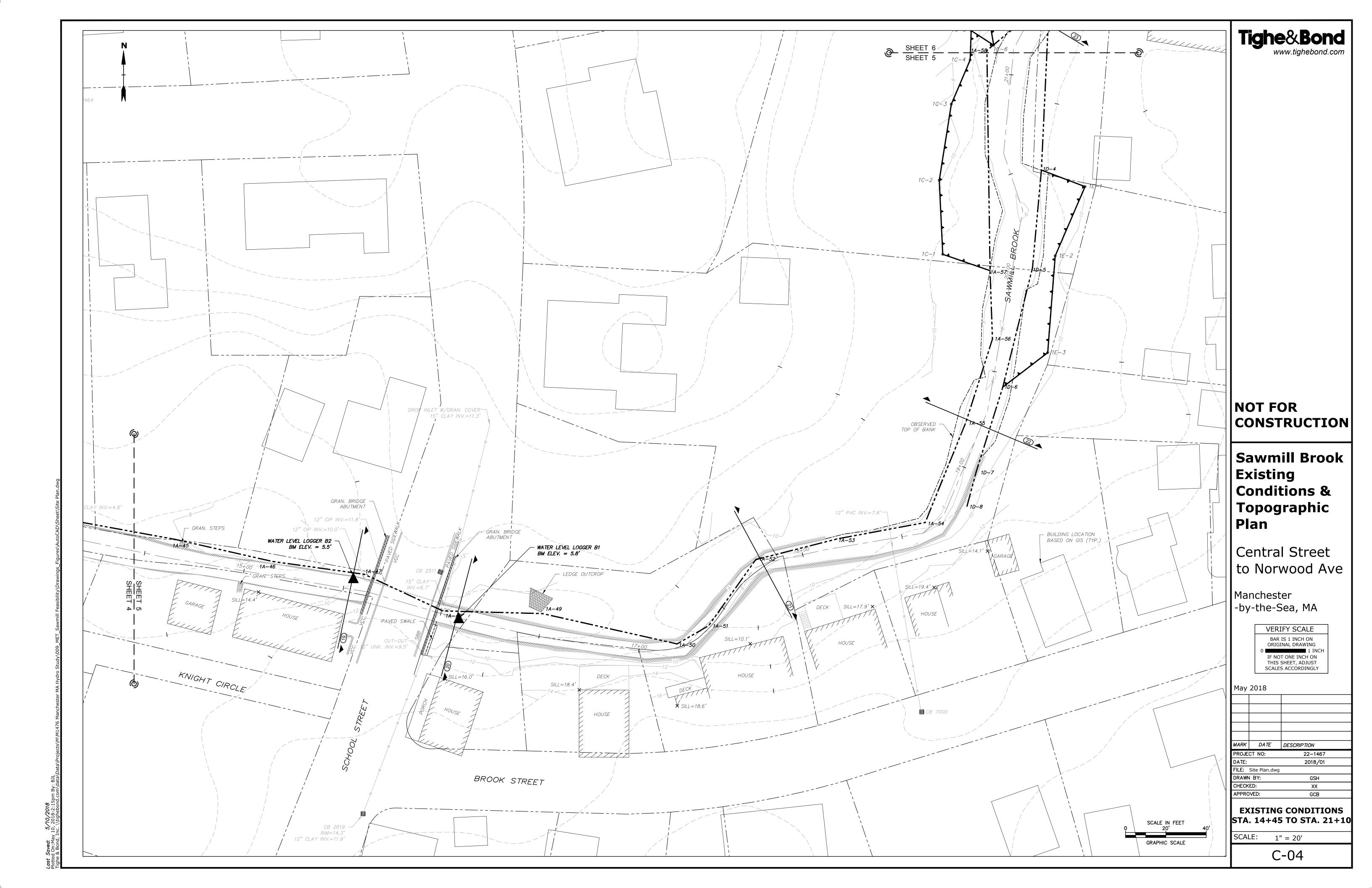
G-01

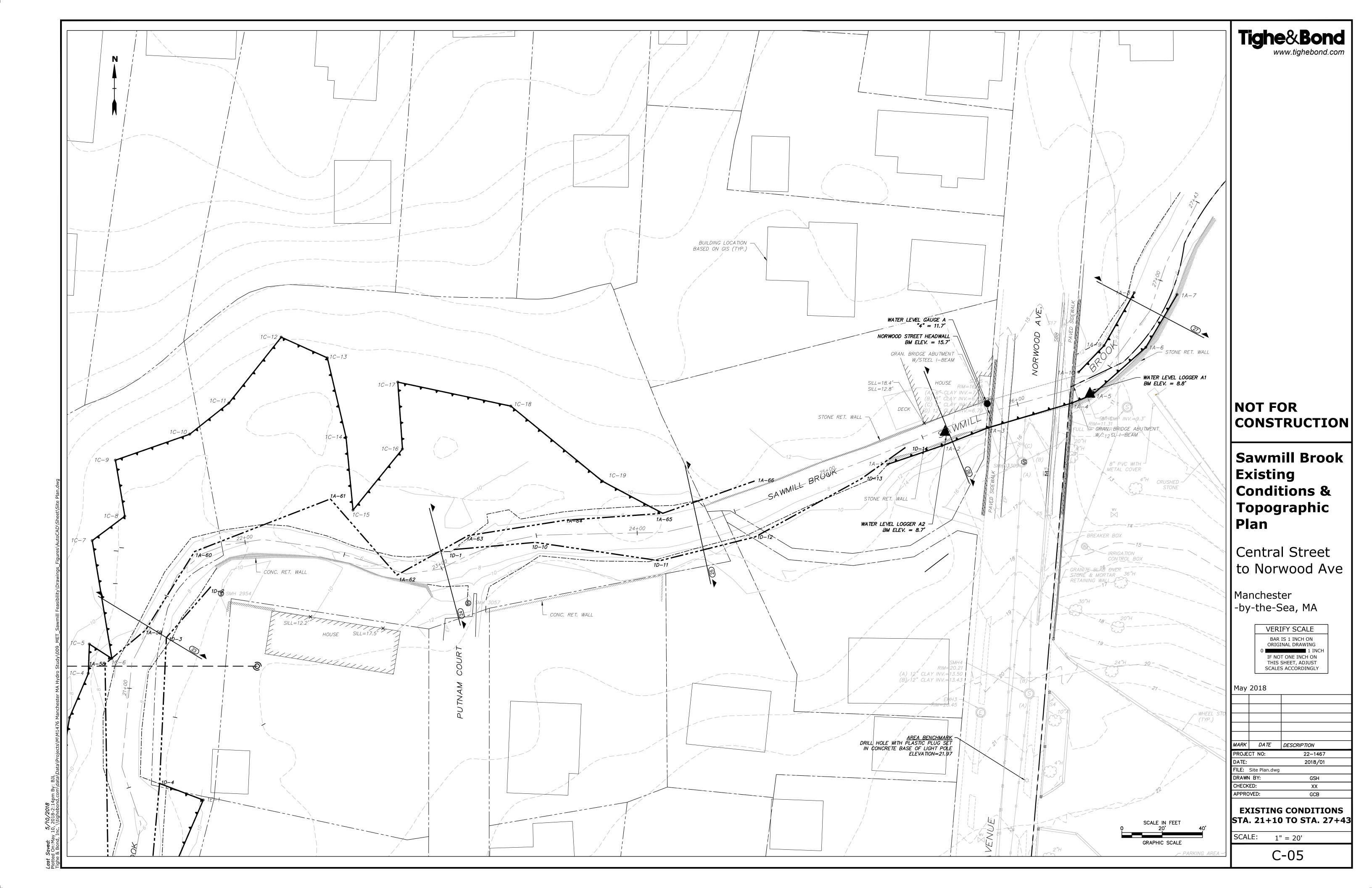
Last Saved: 5/10/2018 Plotted On:May 10, 2018-2:44pm By: BJL

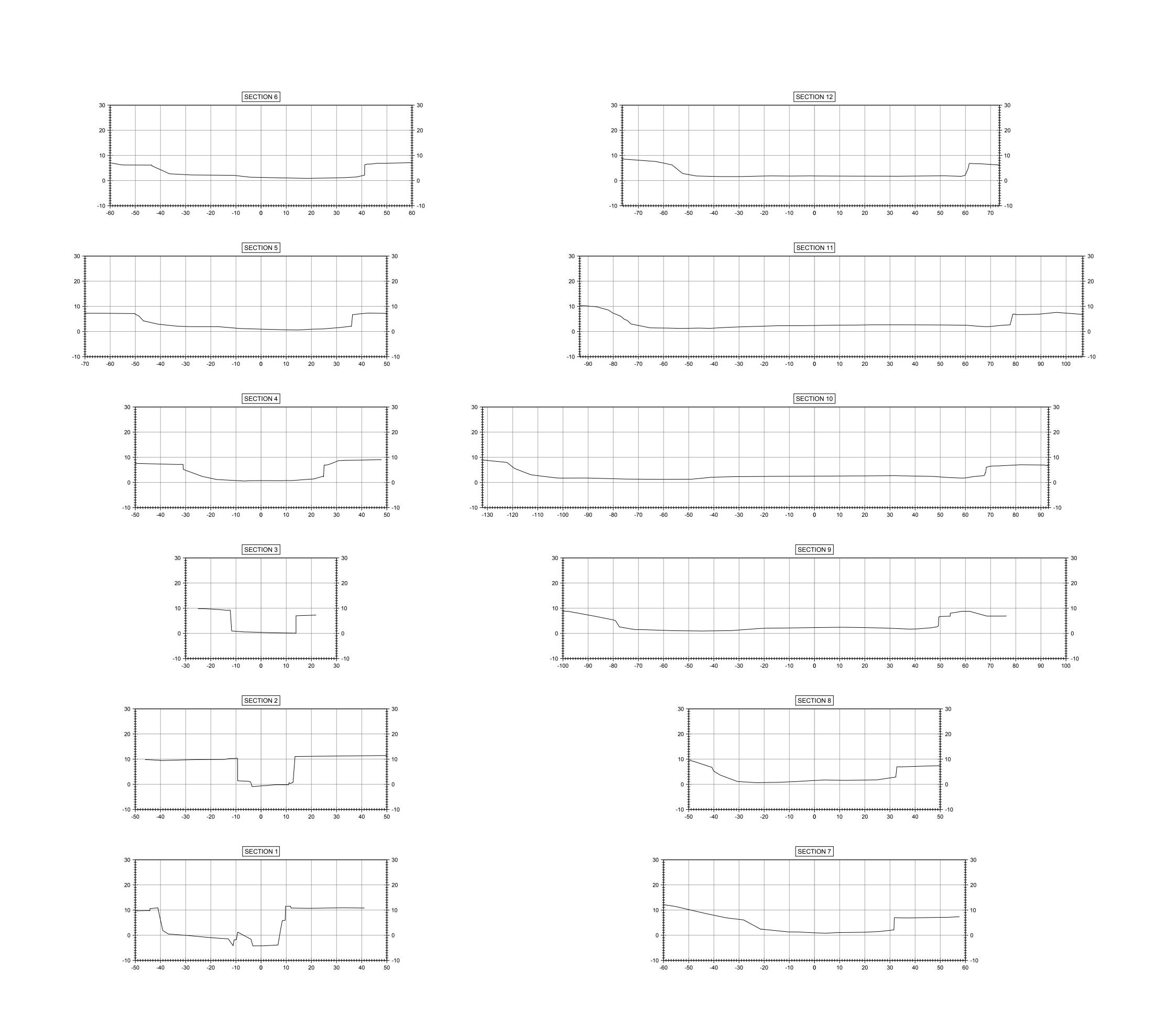












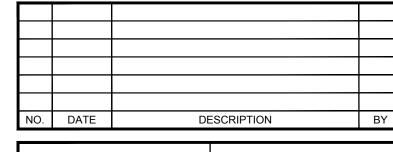


CROSS SECTION VIEWS

FOR
TIGHE & BOND

TIGHE & BON

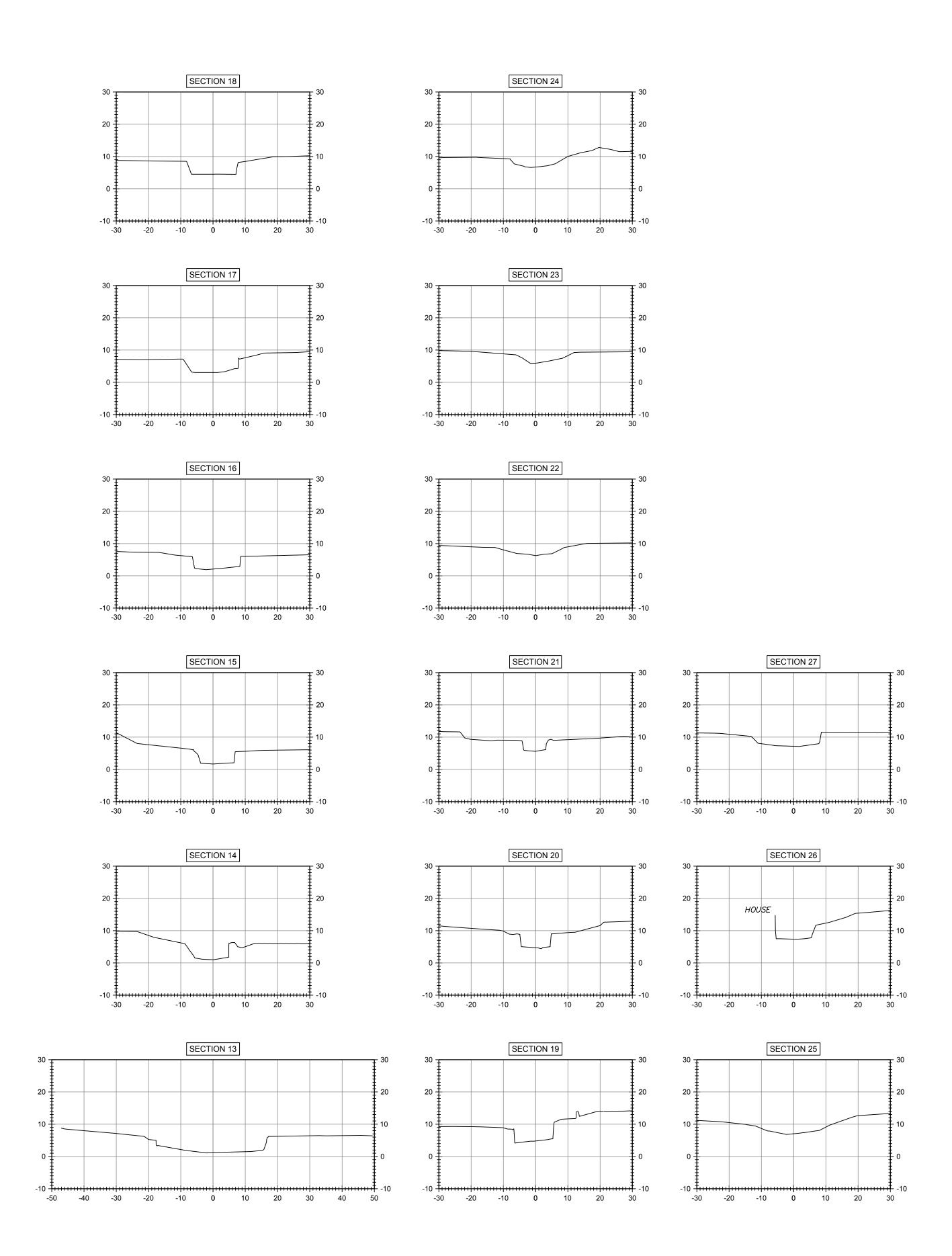
SAW MILL BROOK
BRIDGE STREET TO NORWOOD AVE.
MANCHESTER-BY-THE-SEA, MASSACHUSETTS



CHECKED BY: J.A.G. DRAWING NO.: 4536A	DRAWN BY:	M.T.L.	DECEMBER 2017			2017
4520 7 9	CHECKED BY:	J.A.G.	DRAWING	NO.:	453	6A
JOB NO.: 4536 7 6	JOB NO.:	4536	SHEET	7	OF	8



Serving Your Professional Surveying & Mapping Needs 102 Kent Place, Newmarket, NH 03857 (603) 659-6560 2 Commerce Drive (Suite 202) Bedford, NH 03110 (603) 614-4060 10 Storer Street (Riverview Suite) Kennebunk, ME (207) 502-7005 http://www.doucetsurvey.com

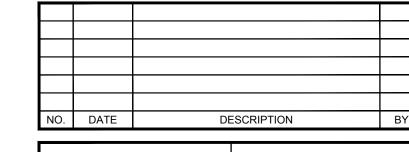




CROSS SECTION VIEWS

FOR TIGHE & BOND OF

SAW MILL BROOK
BRIDGE STREET TO NORWOOD AVE.
MANCHESTER-BY-THE-SEA, MASSACHUSETTS



DRAWN BY:	M.T.L.	DATE:	DECE	EMBE	R 2017
CHECKED BY:	J.A.G.	DRAWIN	IG NO.:	45	536A
JOB NO.:	4536	SHEET	8	OF	8



Serving Your Professional Surveying & Mapping Needs 102 Kent Place, Newmarket, NH 03857 (603) 659-6560 2 Commerce Drive (Suite 202) Bedford, NH 03110 (603) 614-4060 10 Storer Street (Riverview Suite) Kennebunk, ME (207) 502-7005 http://www.doucetsurvey.com

APPENDIX B

Water Level Elevations Data adjusted to NAVD88:

		Norwoo	d Avenue:	School St	(Central Stree	t:
Date:	Time	A2 DTW:	Staff Gage:	B-2 DTW:	C1 DTW:	Staff Gage:	C2 DTW:
11/27/2017	Tide gate o	pened (8:0	00 AM)				
11/29/2017	2:00	8.08	7.26	5.40	0.50	0.65	-3.68
11/30/2017	7:55				4.70	underwater	
12/3/2017	10:16				5.85		
12/4/2017	Tide gate o	losed (3:00	PM)				
12/5/2017	11:50	8.10	7.27	6.30	6.80	underwater	6.70
12/12/2017	9:35	8.19	7.18	5.35	4.21	4.49	0.88
12/20/2017	12:16	8.20	7.21	5.55	4.76	4.62	4.40
12/27/2017	1:55	8.59	6.96	5.67	5.83	4.75	-1.68
1/3/2018	10:40	7.94	7.36	5.59	5.67	5.68	5.80
1/10/2018	10:40	8.08	7.27	5.71	4.86	4.78	-3.59
1/11/2018	Tide gate o	pened (12	noon)				
1/23/2018	8:00	8.50	6.89	5.78	1.20	OUT	-2.73
1/23/2018	1:40	9.30	6.17	6.30	3.40	OUT	3.40
1/31/2018	1:55	8.55	6.82	5.78	0.90	OUT	-1.15
2/6/2018	3:02	8.62	6.81	5.88	3.15	OUT	3.59
2/6/2018	Tide gate o	losed (2:00	PM)				
2/13/2018	1:00	9.05	6.40	6.15	4.92	OUT	-1.40
2/21/2018	3:36	8.90	6.55	6.00	5.00	OUT	3.65
2/27/2018							
2/28/2018	10:50	8.65	6.80	6.88	4.55	OUT	4.30
3/6/2018	10:50	9.01	6.36	6.06	1.10		-0.40
3/16/2018	12:05	8.98	6.45	6.17	4.79	MISSED	4.65
3/21/2018	2:50	8.60	6.82	5.80	5.55	5.50	4
3/28/2018	10:05	8.66	6.81	5.92	5.25	5.12	5.32
4/5/2018	11:34	8.74	6.70	5.92	0.90	0.94	-2.98
4/10/2018	10:45	8.42	6.80	5.69	0.57	0.88	0.08
4/18/2018	3:30	9.35	6.18	6.30	3.50	3.56	3.15
4/26/2018	9:48	9.55	5.95	6.52	5.19	5.20	5.10
5/4/2018	7:30	8.55	6.84	5.80	0.90	0.85	-3.20

Stream Discharge Measurements

		1					2					3				4				
	Date: 11/28/17	Time:7:30A	.M			Date: 11/28/17	Time:9:30AM				Date: 11/29/17	Time:2:00PM				Date: 11/29/17	Time:3:00PM	N		
	Location:		Norwood Ave	2		Location:	Scho	ol Street			Location:	Above (Central F	ond		Location:	Below Cent	ral Pond		
Distance from				Velocity	Discharge	Width of cell	Are	a (Sq Vel	ocity I	Discharge		Are			Discharge		A	Area (Sq	Velocity	Discharge
Bank (ft)	Width of cell (ft)	Depth (ft)	Area (Sq Ft)	(ft/s)	(cfs)	(ft)	Depth (ft) Ft)	(ft/	s) ((cfs)	Width of cell (ft)	Depth (ft) Ft)		(ft/s)	(cfs)	Width of cell (ft)	Depth (ft) F	t)	(ft/s)	(cfs)
0	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.37	7 0.074	0.5					0.5	1	0.5	0.14	0.07	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.44	0.088
0.5	0.5	0.3	0.15	0.39	0.0585	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.04	0.016	0.5	1	0.5	0.22	0.11	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.33	0.066
1	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.28	3 0.07	0.5	0.9	0.45	0.08	0.036	0.5	1.1	0.55	0.16	0.088	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.54	0.108
1.5	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.21	L 0.063	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.14	0.049	0.5	1	0.5	0.19	0.095	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.43	0.086
2	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.5		0.5	0.7	0.35	0.21	0.0735	0.5	1	0.5	0.22	0.11		0.4	0.2	0.53	
2.5	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.13		0.5	0.7	0.35	0.14	0.049	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.09	0.0315		0.4	0.2		
3	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.23			0.7	0.35	0.37	0.1295	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.21	0.0735		0.4	0.2		
3.5	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.3			0.7	0.35	0.52	0.182	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.25	0.0875		0.4	0.2		
4	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.38				0.35	0.65	0.2275	0.5	1.1	0.55	0.05	0.0275		0.4	0.2		
4.5	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.32			0.7	0.35	0.61	0.2135	0.5	0.9	0.45	0.17	0.0765	0.5	0.4	0.2		
5	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.49				0.4	0.61	0.244	0.5	1	0.5	0.15	0.075	0.5		0.15		
5.5	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.34			0.8	0.4	0.62	0.248	0.5	1	0.5	0.34	0.17		0.2	0.1	0.01	
6	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.37			0.8	0.4	0.73	0.292	0.5	1	0.5	0.33	0.165		0.4	0.2		
6.5	0.5	0.3	0.15	0.48			0.7	0.35	0.63	0.2205	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.27	0.0945		0.4	0.2		
7	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.36			0.7	0.35	0.62	0.217	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.26	0.091	0.5	0.4	0.2		
7.5	0.5	0.5	0.25	0.27			0.6	0.3	0.15	0.045	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.38	0.133	0.5	0.4	0.2		
8	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.33			0.6	0.3	0.1	0.03	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.17	0.0595	0.5	0.3	0.15		
8.5	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.17				0.15	0.04	0.006	0.5	0.7	0.35	0.1	0.035	0.5	0.4	0.2		
9	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.37		0.5	0.3	0.15	0.16	0.024						0.5	0.4	0.2		
9.5	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.4			0.3	0.15	0.27	0.0405						0.5	0.4	0.2		
10	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.4							I					0.5	0.4	0.2		
10.5	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.47							I					0.5	0.5	0.25	0.37 0.45	
11	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.45												0.5	0.4	0.2		
11.5 12	0.5 0.5	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.47							I					0.5	0.4 0.4	0.2		
12.5	0.5	0.3	0.15	0.38	0.057											0.5 0.5		0.2		
Total Area			F 2					6.25					7.85			0.5	0.4	4.85		0.078
Stream Flow (cfs)			5.3		1.772			0.25		2.343			7.85		1.5225			4.85		1.3325
Stream Flow (CIS)					1.//2					2.543					1.3225					1.5525

	Date: 4/18/18	Time:10:30	DAM			Date: 4/18/18	Time:9:45Al	M			Date: 4/18/18	Time:9:00AM				Date: 4/18/18	Time:8:30Af	VI		
	Location:		Norwood Av	e		Location:	Sc	hool Street			Location:	Above	Central Po	nd		Location:	Belov	Central P	ond	
Distance from				Velocity	Discharge	Width of cell	,	Area (Sq V	elocity	Discharge		Ar	ea (Sq V	elocity	Discharge		A	rea (Sq	/elocity	Discharge
Bank (ft)	Width of cell (ft)	Depth (ft)	Area (Sq Ft)	(ft/s)	(cfs)	(ft)	Depth (ft) F	t) (f	ft/s)	(cfs)	Width of cell (ft)	Depth (ft) Ft)	(1	t/s)	(cfs)	Width of cell (ft)	Depth (ft)	t)	ft/s)	(cfs)
0	0.5	1.4	0.7	1.1	0.77	0.5					0.5		0		0	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.95	0.285
0.5	0.5	1.4	0.7	1.56	1.092	0.5	1	0.5	1.02	0.51	0.5	0.9	0.45	0.53	0.2385	0.5	0.6	0.3	1.37	0.411
1	0.5	1.6	0.8	1.63	1.304	0.5	1.3	0.65	2.12	1.378	0.5	1	0.5	0.24	0.12	0.5	0.9	0.45	1.5	0.675
1.5	0.5	1.4			1.729		1.4	0.7	1.45	1.015	0.5		1	1.24	1.24		0.5	0.25	1.4	0.35
2	0.5	1.7	0.85	1.43	1.2155		1	0.5	2.2	1.1	0.5	2.2	1.1	1.39	1.529	0.5	0.9	0.45	1.5	0.675
2.5	0.5							0.8	1.85	1.48	0.5		1.1	1.81	1.991	0.5		0.3	1.81	0.543
3	0.5							0.75	1.88	1.41	0.5		1	2.43	2.43			0.3	0.98	0.294
3.5	0.5				0.888			0.8	2.03	1.624	0.5		1.1	2.45	2.695	0.5		0.3	2.52	0.756
4	0.5							0.85	2.31	1.9635	0.5		1.1	2.41	2.651	0.5		0.3	1.83	0.549
4.5	0.5				1.269			0.85	2.71	2.3035	0.5		1.1	1.24	1.364			0.4	2.06	0.824
5	0.5				1.827			0.95	1.54	1.463	0.5		1.1	1.42	1.562			0.25	0.75	0.1875
5.5	0.5							0.85	1.57	1.3345	0.5		1.6	1.28	2.048	0.5		0.35	2.5	0.875
6	0.5							0.85	1.88	1.598	0.5		1	0.71	0.71	0.5		0.45	2.72	1.224
6.5	0.5							0.85 0.85	1.28 2.81	1.088 2.3885	0.5		1.1	2.42 2.11	2.662 2.321	0.5 0.5		0.25 0.45	2.03 2.87	0.5075 1.2915
7.5	0.5							0.85	2.43	2.3885	0.5 0.5		1.1 0.8	1.31	1.048			0.45	2.87	0.99
7.5	0.5							0.85	1.81	1.5385	0.5		0.8	1.51	1.048	0.5		0.45	2.2	1.0665
8.5	0.5				1.096			0.75	1.55	1.1625	0.5		0.95	1.03	0.9785	0.5		0.43	2.05	0.82
9	0.5				1.3395			0.75	2.41	1.205	0.5	1.0	0.55	1.03	0.5703	0.5		0.4	2.56	1.024
9.5	0.5						•	0.5	2.12	1.205						0.5		0.4	1.53	0.612
10	-															0.5		0.3	1.6	0.48
10.5																0.5	0.5	0.25	1.14	0.285
11																0.5		0.2	1.63	0.326
11.5																0.5	0.2	0.1	2.04	0.204
12																0.5	0.2	0.1	1.4	0.14
12.5																				
Total Area			17					13.75					16.9					8.15		
Stream Flow (cfs)					25.913					26.749					26.708					15.11
		gage A	1.6	ft		Headwall B2	depth to w 6	5.8 ft			·					Gage C	1.3? f	t		

OBSERVER	R NAME:		TIDE:		WEATHER:						
Mary Reilly	/		☑ In		☐ Sunny	☐ Pt Clo	udy	☑ Cloudy			
			☐ Out		☐ Light Rai						
DATE: 12/	5/17		☐ Slac	:k	☐ Snow/Sle	eet 🗹 Windy	<i>1</i>				
					☐ Extreme	Conditions (describ	oe): King tid	e at approx. 11:59) am		
	C Comi	tral Stree			D Col	hool Street		A-Norwood Ave			
	I			T	D-SCI				e.		
	Downstream:	Upstr		14/atau Laural		Downstream:		Downstream:	\\/a+==		
	tape measure tape measure Water Le BM to water BM to water at rule (#C-2) (#C-1) (Gage C					tape measure		tape measure	Water Level		
T18.45				0.010.00	T12.45	BM to water	a	BM to water	at ruler		
TIME					TIME	(#B-2)	TIME	(#A-2)	(Gage A)		
11:50 am	1 "	3.7 ' Not visible		12:17 pm	7.1 '	12:23 pm	7.6′	.43 '			
ORSERVER	NAME:		TIDE		WEATHER:						
	RVER NAME: TIDE:				Sunny	☐ Pt Clo	udv	☑ Cloudy			
Mary Reill			☑ III ☑ Out		☐ Light Rain ☐ Rain						
ivially Kelli	у		☐ Slac		☐ Snow/Sleet ☐ Windy						
DATE: 12/2	12/17		L Siac	, к	-	Conditions (describ	•				
DATE. 12/.	12/1/				L Extreme	Conditions (describ	Jej.				
	C-Central Street				B-Scl	hool Street	A-Norwood Ave	е.			
	Downstream: Upstream:					Downstream:		Downstream:			
				Water Level		tape measure		tape measure	Water Level		
	BM to water BM to water at ruler			at ruler		BM to water		BM to water	at ruler		
TIME	ME (#C-2) (#C-1) (Gage ((Gage C)	TIME	(#B-2)	TIME	(#A-2)	(Gage A)		
9:35 am	5.92 '	6.2	9 '	4.29 '	9:46 am	8.05 '	9:53 am	7.51 '	.52 '		

OBSERVER Reily, DATE: 12/20	Atkinson, C	endil	TIDE: In Out		WEATHER: Sunny Light Rain Snow/Sle Extreme		,	□ Cloudy	
	C-Cent	ral Stree	t		B-Sch	ool Street		A-Norwood Ave	2.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstro tape me BM to (#C-	easure water	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
12:16 F. A		5,7	4'	4.42'	12:30pm	7.851	12:38 pm	7.5'	0,49

DATE:	NAME: i ca Lamo	the	TIDE: In Out Slac		WEATHER: ☑ Sunny ☐ Light Rain ☐ Snow/Sle ☑ Extreme		pe): COLI	Cloudy Ato Snow on	ground
	C-Cent	tral Street	t		B-Scl	nool Street		A-Norwood Ave	
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstre tape me BM to	easure	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2) Floral	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
11550	8.48		07	4.55'	2:078	7,73	2:120		.74'

Stock in Stort of Stale (couldn't see
Stock in Stort of Stale (couldn't see
Bm?)

- Couldn't

>21 Bill

* form solid upstream

OBSERVER Eval DATE:	1 (3) 18	yn K OI	ıt	Sunny ☐ Light Rai ☐ Snow/Sl	☐ Pt Clo	y	□ Cloudy	3 4 7	
	C-Cen	tral Street		B-Sc	hool Street		A-Norwood Av	e.	
TIME 10.40	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-1)	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)	had to sec
10 10		1100	3,18	10:51	7.81	11:00	7.76'	.34	hard to see Staining our vier
OBSERVER Caroll DATE:		TIDE: □1n □You □ Sla		☐ Snow/Sle			□ Cloudy		,

C-Central Street B-School Street A-Norwood Ave. Downstream: Upstream: Downstream: Downstream: tape measure Water Level tape measure tape measure tape measure **Water Level** BM to water BM to water at ruler BM to water at ruler BM to water TIME (#C-2) (#C-1) (Gage C) TIME (#B-2) TIME (#A-2) (Gage A)

BM- Bench mark at culvert headwall

of sidewalk Diguext sight

DATE:	NAME: Cle Caudi //g	()	TIDE: In Out Slace		WEATHER: Sunny * Light Rain Snow/Sle	n 🔲 Rain	-somewhat	□ Cloudy	ن ف
	C-Cent	tral Stree	t		B-Scl	nool Street		A-Norwood Ave	e.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstr tape m BM to (#C	easure water	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
1:55pm.	7.951	9.6	0 '	ruter Missing	2:10 pm.	7.62'	215 pm	7.15	0.88'

DATE.	cateno 6/18	the	TIDE: In Out Slac		WEATHER: ☐ Sunny ☐ Light Rain ☐ Snow/Sle ☐ Extreme (-sonew	Acloudy	
	C-Cent	tral Stree	t		B-Sch	ool Street	l = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	A-Norwood Ave	e.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstro tape me BM to (#C-	easure water	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
3:02	3.21'	7.3	5'	ruler	3:111	7.52	3:150	7.08	.89

1	ardyn Kelly 113/18	□ Sla	_		eet	,	□ Cloudy	
TIME	C-Cent Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-1)	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	B-Sci	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	A-Norwood Ave Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
100 pm	100 pm 8.21 5,58' -			1110pm	7.25	1:15 pm	6.65'	1,3
OBSERVER DATE:	n Atlemsor	TIDE:	_	WEATHER: Sunny Light Rai Snow/Sle		,	□ Cloudy	
C-Central Street				B-Sc	hool Street		A-Norwood Ave	e
TIME	Downstream: Upstream: tape measure tape measure BM to water BM to water at ruler (#C-2) (#C-1) (Gage C)			TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)

OBSERVER Franc DATE: 2/28	ie Caudi	I Ou	t	WEATHER: ☑ Sunny ☐ Light Rai ☐ Snow/Sle ☐ Extreme		,	□ Cloudy	
	C-Cent	ral Street		B-Sc	hool Street		A-Norwood Ave	е.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-1)	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
10150 a.m.	2.50'	5.95	no Yuler	11:02	6.521	11:07	7.05	0.90'

DATE:	NAME: Lyn helly	TIDE: In Out		WEATHER: Sunny Light Rai Snow/Sl	☐ Pt Clo n ☐ Rain	/	☑ Cloudy	
	C-Cent	tral Street		B-Sc	hool Street		A-Norwood Av	e.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-1)	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
10:50	7.20	9.401	0,9"	11:00	7.34'	11:03	0.69'	1,34

OBSERVER Jess DATE: 3/	Si Cham	TIDE: □ In 这Out □ Slace		WEATHER: Sunny Light Raii Snow/Sle		be): Tucs	as snowst Weds - wh	
	C-Cent	tral Street		B-Scl	hool Street		A-Norwood Ave	е.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-1)	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
12:05,	2.15	5.71	no	12:120	7.23	12:16p	6.72'	1. 25

OBSERVER		TIDE: ☐ In ☐ Ou ☐ Sla	-	WEATHER: Sunny Light Rai Snow/Slo			Cloudy	
3/2	_1				Conditions (descri			
	C-Cent	tral Street		B-Sc	hool Street		A-Norwood Ave	e.
	Downstream: tape measure BM to water	Upstream: tape measure BM to water	Water Level		Downstream: tape measure BM to water		Downstream: tape measure BM to water	Water Level at ruler
TIME	(#C-2)	(#C-1)	(Gage C)	TIME	(#B-2)	TIME	(#A-2)	(Gage A)
2:50 pm	1,31	4.95'	5,3	3:00	7,6	3:04	7.1'	0.88

	NAME: scie Carud		DE: IIn Yout but barely I slack ightide was t 9:16 am,	WEATHER: Sunny Light Rain Snow/Sle			Cloudy	
	C-Cent	ral Street		B-Scl	nool Street		A-Norwood Ave	e.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstream tape measu BM to wate (#C-1)	ter Water Level	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
10:05	1,481	5.25	4.92'	10:16 a.m.	7.48'	10:23	7.04'	0.89'

	NAME: Sicalamo 15/18	□ Sla	t	WEATHER: Sunny Light Rai Snow/Slo		cold	□ Cloudy	
	C-Cent	tral Street		B-Sc	hool Street		A-Norwood Ave	е.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-1)	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
11:34a	9.78	9.6	.74'	11:41a	7.48'	11:452	6.96	1.0

DATE:	NAME: Lyn Kello 10/18	□ Slac		WEATHER: Sunny Light Rai		,	☑ Cloudy	
	C-Cent	ral Street		B-Sc	hool Street		A-Norwood Ave	e.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-1)	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
10:45	6.72'	9,93	. 48	10:53	7.71'	11:01	7.28	190
OBSERVER DATE:	NAME:				☐ Pt Clo n ☐ Rain eet ☐ Windy Conditions (descri	,	□ Cloudy	
	C-Cent	tral Street		B-Sc	hool Street		A-Norwood Ave	e
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	asure tape measure Water Level vater BM to water at ruler			Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)

BM- Bench mark at culvert headwall

(#C-2)

(#C-1)

(Gage C)

TIME

(#B-2)

TIME

(#A-2)

(Gage A)

OBSERVER	NAME:	TIDE:		WEATHER:				
1	nn Atkin	□In		☐ Sunny	☐ Pt Clou	udy	☐ Cloudy	
7	gry - r - s - s - s	□ Ou	t	Light Rai	n 🔲 Rain			
DATE:	2 7	☐ Sla	ck	☐ Snow/Sle	eet 🔲 Windy	,		
	4//8/18			☐ Extreme	Conditions (describ	oe):	15.7	
	77.6.74				herry 18/-	en do	y selfore	
	C-Cent	ral Street		B-Scl	hool Street		A-Norwood Ave	e.
	Downstream:	Upstream:			Downstream:		Downstream:	
	tape measure	tape measure	Water Level		tape measure		tape measure	Water Level
	BM to water	BM to water	at ruler		BM to water		BM to water	at ruler
TIME	(#C-2)	(#C-1)	(Gage C)	TIME	(#B-2)	TIME	(#A-2)	(Gage A)
3130	3.65	7'	3,36	3:37	7.1	3:42	6.35	1.52

DATE:	NAME: c Coudill	TIDE: □ In ☑ Ou: □ Sla		WEATHER: Sunny Light Rai Snow/Slo		•	Cloudy SET STOPPING HOW 24 KB	of rain
	C-Cent	tral Street		B-Sc	hool Street		A-Norwood Av	e.
TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-2)	Upstream: tape measure BM to water (#C-1)	Water Level at ruler (Gage C)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#B-2)	TIME	Downstream: tape measure BM to water (#A-2)	Water Level at ruler (Gage A)
9:48	1.70'	5.31'	5.00	10:03	6.88'	10:07	6,15'	1.75

Receiving Stream: Manchester Harbor
Plant: Manchester WWTP
Town or City: Manchester by the Sea

Month: December Year: 2017
Chief Operator: John S. Sibbalds

Assistant Chief Operator: Robert J Willwerth

Department of Environmental Quality Engineering Division of Water Pollution Control Monthly Operation and Maintenance Report

Permit Number Sate: M18

Federal MA0100871

Plant Design Flow 0.67 mgd.

Monthly Average Flow .358 mgd.

Monthly Average Flow Last Year .527 mgd.

Region: Northeast
County: Essex

If Contract Operation Company:

Chief Operator Certification of Report:____

Date:

		Weather		S	Sewage Fl	lows (mgd)	Grit & Scr	Disin	fectio	n			Settleab	le Solids			þ	Н	
	1		Influent					Cubic	Gallons/	CI	2 Resi	dual		Primary	Sec.			uent		fection
Date	Rain	Temp	Temp	Max	Min	Total	Bypass	Feet	24 hrs.	1	2	3	Raw	Effluent	Effluent	Final	High	Low	High	Low
2/1/2017		7	15	0.85	0.10	0.247		0.0	6.0	0.5	0.5	0.4					7.9		7.3	
2/2/2017		-1	14	0.95	0.10	0.274		0.0	4.0	0.9	0.6	0.8					7.9		7.2	
2/3/2017		-2	14	1.20	0.20	0.288		0.0	6.0	0.8	0.6	0.5					7.9		7.2	
2/4/2017		-1	15	1.00	0.20	0.321		0.5	7.0	0.5	0.7	0.5					7.9		7.1	
2/5/2017	0.47	3	15	0.95	0.15	0.303		1.5	7.0	0.4	0.5	0.4					7.9		7.1	
2/6/2017		10	15	0.90	0.15	0.305		2.5	7.0	0.4	0.9	0.5					7.9		7.1	
2/7/2017		-1	15	1.10	0.15	0.330		0.5	7.0	0.4	0.6	0.7					7.8		7.1	
2/8/2017		-1	14	0.80	0.15	0.269		0.5	4.0	0.7	0.9	0.5					7.9		7.0	
2/9/2017	0.51	1	14	0.95	0.20	0.316		0.5	4.0	0.9	0.5	0.6					7.8		7.2	
2/10/201		-2	13	1.00	0.20	0.340		0.5	4.0	0.4	0.7	0.6					7.8		7.2	
2/11/201		-1	15	0.90	0.15	0.305		3.0	4.0	0.6	0.4	0.4					7.8		7.2	
2/12/201	0.04	1	15	1.10	0.25	0.365		1.5	7.0	0.2	0.7	0.6					7.7		7.2	
2/13/201		-6	13	1.25	0.20	0.393		1.5	7.0	0.3	0.6	0.5					7.6		7.1	
2/14/201		-7	13	1.10	0.20	0.393		2.0	7.0	0.5	0.5	0.5					7.7		7.1	
2/15/201		-11	13	1.05	0.15	0.327		0.5	6.0	0.5	0.3	0.4					7.8		7.0	
2/16/201		-8	12	1.00	0.20	0.346		0.0	7.0	0.5	0.8	0.3					7.6		7.0	
2/17/201		-10	13	1.25	0.20	0.361		0.0	6.0	0.7	0.3	0.2					7.5		7.1	
2/18/201	0.01	-6	13	0.90	0.15	0.321		0.0	6.0	0.4	0.5	0.3					7.8		7.0	
2/19/201		1	14	1.00	0.15	0.303		1.5	7.0	0.5	0.6	0.6					7.8		7.1	
2/20/201		2	14	1.15	0.10	0.299		4.0	6.0	0.5	0.6	0.5					7.8		7.1	
2/21/201		-4	13	1.15	0.20	0.344		0.5	6.0	0.5	0.5	0.5					7.6		7.1	
2/22/201	0.24	-7	13	0.95	0.15	0.318		0.5	4.0	0.1	0.6	0.7					7.8		7.1	
2/23/201	0.60	-4	12	1.10	0.25	0.437		0.0	6.0	0.6	0.7	0.3					7.6		7.1	
2/24/201	0.32	-1	12	1.10	0.20	0.440		0.0	8.0	0.4	0.9	0.5					7.4		7.0	ł
2/25/201	0.13	1	12	1.20	0.25	0.511		2.0	7.0	0.5	0.5	0.6					7.4		7.0	
2/26/201		-8	11	1.10	0.20	0.483		3.0	6.0	0.5	0.6	0.5					7.3		7.0	
2/27/201		-13	11	1.05	0.05	0.423		5.0	6.0	0.5	0.3	0.5					7.5		7.1	
2/28/201		-18	11	1.40	0.20	0.492		0.5	6.0	0.4	0.6	0.6					7.4		7.2	L
2/29/201		-20	10	1.05	0.10	0.403		0.0	6.0	0.6	0.6	0.6					7.4		6.9	
2/30/201		-19	10	1.10	0.20	0.416		2.0	4.0	0.5	0.5	0.7					7.5		7.0	
2/31/201		-17	10	1.10	0.20	0.413		1.0	6.0	0.5	0.5	0.7					7.5		6.8	
Total	2.32	-142	404	32.70	5.35	11.086		35.0	184.0	15.7	18.1	16.0					238.2		219.7	
Average	0.29	-5	13	1.05	0.17	0.358		1.1	5.9	0.5	0.6	0.5					7.7		7.1	

Receiving Stream: Manchester Harbor Plant:Manchester WWTP Town or City: Manchester by the Sea

Assistant Chief Operator: Robert J Willwerth

Department of Environmental Quality Engineering Division of Water Pollution Control Monthly Operation and Maintenance Report

Permit Number Sate: M18

Federal MA0100871

Plant Design Flow 0.67 mgd. Monthly Average Flow .514 mgd. Monthly Average Flow Last Year .797

Month: January Year: 2018 Region: Northeast Chief Operator: John S. Sibbalds

County: Essex

If Contract Operation Company:

Chief Operator Certification of Report:

Date:

		Weather		5	Sewage F	lows (mgd	l)	Grit & Scr	Disin	fectio	n			Settleab	le Solids				Н	
1			Influent			1		Cubic	Gallons/	CI	2 Resi	dual		Primary	Sec.		Infl	uent r	i	ection
Date	Rain	Temp	Temp	Max	Min	Total	Bypass	Feet	24 hrs.	1	2	3	Raw	Effluent	Effluent	Final	High	Low	High	Low
1/1/2018		-22	10	1.20	0.15	0.435		1.0	6.0	0.5	0.5	0.5					7.4		7.0	
1/2/2018		-20	11	1.05	0.15	0.408		1.5	6.0	0.2	0.6	0.5					7.6		7.1	
1/3/2018	0.74	-12	10	1.00	0.05	0.342		2.0	4.0	0.4	0.6	0.5					7.8		7.0	
1/4/2018		-4	10	2.30	0.10	0.528		5.0	4.0	0.3	0.4	0.6					7.5		7.1	
1/5/2018		-9	10	1.00	0.05	0.299		0.5	4.0	0.5	0.6	0.5					7.7		7.0	
1/6/2018		-18	9	0.90	0.10	0.313		0.5	4.0	0.5	0.6	0.6					7.6		7.0	
1/7/2018		-22	9	1.15	0.15	0.340		0.0	6.0	0.4	0.8	0.7					7.7		7.1	
1/8/2018		-8	11	0.95	0.05	0.308		1.5	4.0	0.8	0.5	0.3					7.7		7.0	
1/9/2018		-3	11	0.90	0.15	0.310		1.5	4.0	0.4	0.5	0.5					7.8		7.2	
1/10/2018		-8	11	0.80	0.05	0.315		1.5	4.0	0.5	0.6	0.6					5.1		7.1	
1/11/2018		1	12	1.05	0.10	0.359		1.0	6.0	0.4	0.7	0.5					7.6		7.1	
/12/2018	1.56	3	12	2.35	0.05	0.776		4.5	8.0	0.5	0.8	0.7					7.6		7.0	
1/13/2018		9	8	2.40	0.55	1.171		7.0	11.0	0.5	0.6	0.6					6.8		6.8	
1/14/2018	0.01	-12	8	1.75	0.40	0.790		3.5	8.0	0.5	0.5	0.6					7.1		6.8	
1/15/2018		-12	9	1.40	0.30	0.690		2.0	7.0	0.6	0.6	0.4					7.2		7.4	
1/16/2018	0.06	-9	9	1.50	0.25	0.585		1.5	7.0	0.5	0.3	0.6					7.4		7.0	
1/17/2018	0.13	0	10	1.30	0.10	0.516		2.5	6.0	0.6	0.5	0.6					7.4		7.1	
1/18/2018		-7	11	1.30	0.20	0.544		2.0	7.0	0.5	0.6	0.6					7.5		7.2	
1/19/2018		-7	10	1.05	0.20	0.470		1.0	6.0	0.6	0.6	0.6					7.4		7.0	
1/20/2018		0	10	1.15	0.10	0.440		1.0	6.0	0.4	0.6	0.5					7.3		7.0	
1/21/2018		0	10	1.05	0.20	0.441		0.5	7.0	0.5	0.3	0.6					7.2		7.0	
1/22/2018	0.08	2	11	0.95	0.10	0.420		0.5	6.0	0.6	0.6	0.5					7.4		6.9	
1/23/2018	0.93	-1	11	1.65	0.35	0.829		3.0	10.0	0.5	0.6	0.6					7.4		7.0	
1/24/2018		2	10	1.35	0.10	0.690		1.5	7.0	0.6	0.5	0.6					7.2		6.8	
1/25/2018		-9	10	1.20	0.30	0.611		2.0	7.0	0.5	0.5	0.5					7.3		6.9	
1/26/2018		-11	9	1.20	0.15	0.540		1.0	6.0	0.4	0.3	0.5					7.2		6.9	
1/27/2018	0.01	-1	9	1.10	0.15	0.490		1.0	7.0	0.4	0.4	0.6					7.2		7.1	
1/28/2018		7	10	1.00	0.25	0.493		1.0	6.0	0.5	0.5	0.4					7.1		6.9	
1/29/2018	0.09	1	11	1.40	0.20	0.516		2.0	6.0	0.5	0.6	0.5					7.3		6.9	
1/30/2018	0.02	-8	11	1.25	0.20	0.512		1.5	7.0	0.6	0.6	0.5					7.3		6.9	
1/31/2018		-11	10	1.05	0.10	0.465		1.0	6.0	0.4	0.6	0.5					7.4		6.8	
Total	3.63	-189	313	39.70	5.35	15.946		56.0	193.0	15.1	17.0	16.8					227.2		217.1	
Average	0.36	-6	10	1.28	0.17	0.514		1.8	6.2	0.5	0.5	0.5					7.3		7.0	

Receiving Stream: Manchester Harbor
Plant: Manchester WWTP
Town or City: Manchester by the Sea

Year: 2018

Month: February

Chief Operator: John S. Sibbalds

Assistant Chief Operator: Robert J Willwerth

Department of Environmental Quality Engineering Division of Water Pollution Control Monthly Operation and Maintenance Report

Permit Number Sate: M18

Federal MA0100871

Plant Design Flow 0.67 mgd.

Monthly Average Flow .627 mgd.

Monthly Average Flow Last Year .664 mgd.

Region: Northeast

If Contract Operation Company:

County: Essex

Chief Operator Certification of Report:

_ Date: ___

		Weather	Ť		Sewage F	lows (mgd	d)	Grit & Scr	Disir	nfectio	n			Settleab	le Solids		T		ьН	
		_	Influent				1	Cubic	Gallons/	CI	2 Res	idual		Primary	Sec.		Infi	uent		fection
Date	Rain	Temp	Temp	Max	Min	Total	Bypass	Feet	24 hrs.	1	2	3	Raw	Effluent	Effluent	Final	High	Low	High	Low
2/1/2018	0.26	1	11	1.10	0.20	0.475		1.0	6.0	0.4	0.4	0.4					7.5		6.9	
2/2/2018		-1	10	1.10	0.20	0.492		1.0	6.0	0.4	0.2	0.7					7.4		7.0	
2/3/2018		-14	9	1.20	0.20	0.492		1.0	4.0	0.5	0.4	0.5					7.4		7.0	
2/4/2018	0.60	-2	9	1.15	0.30	0.571		2.0	6.0	0.5	0.3	0.7					7.3		7.0	
2/5/2018		3	10	1.35	0.05	0.582		3.0	7.0	0.5	0.3	0.4					7.2		6.9	
2/6/2018		-6	10	1.20	0.20	0.536		2.5	7.0	0.3	0.5	0.5					7.3		6.9	
2/7/2018	0.88	-7	10	1.40	0.05	0.684		3.0	8.0	0.6	0.7	0.6					7.4		6.9	-
2/8/2018		-8	9	1.55	0.35	0.704		2.0	7.0	0.5	0.6	0.5					7.2		6.8	
2/9/2018		-9	9	1.60	0.10	0.559		1.0	6.0	0.2	0.4	0.5					7.3		6.7	
2/10/2018	0.48	1	9	1.15	0.20	0.662		2.0	6.0	0.6	0.6	0.5					7.2		6.9	
2/11/2018	0.48	3	8	1.75	0.50	1.050		2.5	13.0	0.6	0.7	0.4	•••				7.0		6.8	
2/12/2018		4	9	1.75	0.35	0.820		2.0	10.0	0.6	0.5	0.6					7.0		6.8	
/13/2018		-7	9	1.40	0.40	0.738		2.5	8.0	0.5	0.4	0.5					7.0		6.7	
2/14/2018		-2	10	1.80	0.20	0.659		1.5	7.0	0.5	0.5	0.7					7.1		6.8	
/15/2018	0.02	-1	10	1.45	0.30	0.655		1.0	7.0	0.5	0.6	0.5					7.1		6.9	
2/16/2018		4	10	1.30	0.10	0.546		1.0	7.0	0.5	0.7	0.6					7.1		6.7	
/17/2018	0.80	-5	8	1.10	0.25	0.556		1.0	7.0	0.6	0.6	0.7					7.1		6.9	
/18/2018		-1	9	1.15	0.30	0.566		1.5	7.0	0.5	0.6	0.6					7.1		6.9	
/19/2018	0.05	-4	9	1.15	0.30	0.610		1.5	8.0	0.5	0.6	0.7					7.0		6.9	
/20/2018		8	10	1.30	0.30	0.675		1.5	8.0	0.5	0.5	0.5					7.1		6.9	
/21/2018		4	9	1.30	0.15	0.596		1.5	8.0	0.6	0.5	0.6					7.1		6.8	
/22/2018	0.08	4	10	1.30	0.25	0.624		2.5	8.0	0.5	0.3	0.7					7.0		6.8	
/23/2018	0.07	-3	9	1.55	0.05	0.576		1.0	8.0	0.7	0.6	0.6					7.0		6.8	
/24/2018	0.02	-2	10	1.10	0.30	0.546		1.5	8.0	0.5	0.5	0.5					7.1			
/25/2018	0.60	2	9	1.40	0.40	0.724		2.0	11.0	0.5	0.7	0.8					7.1		7.1	
/26/2018		1	10	1.35	0.15	0.684		2.0	10.0	0.5	0.5	0.7					7.0		6.8	
/27/2018		-2	10	1.30	0.35	0.618		1.5	8.0	0.5	0.5	0.7							6.8	
/28/2018		4	10	1.25	0.15	0.567		1.5	8.0	0.6	0.6	0.7					7.1		6.8	
	4.34	-37	265	37.50	6.65	17.567		48.0			14.3						7.2		6.8	
	0.36	-1	9	1.34	0.24	0.627		1.7	7.6	0.5							200.8		192.0	
3-		•		1.07	0.27	0.027		1.7	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.6					7.2		6.9	

MANCHESTER HARBOR
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ENGINEERING
DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
MONTHLY OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT
NORTHE AST.
Chief Operator ROBERT T. WILL WERTH
COURT ESSEX

	00 1 0	3
Permit #	State M 18	Fed.

MA0100871

Plant Design Flow 0.67 mgd
Monthly Average Flow 2.34 mgd.

Monthly Average Flow Last Year 0.249 mgd.

	Acres 1000			nit Complia				CARYOF	CACH YEAR	OR WHEN ANY PE	NOUNTEL	Charon	S UCCUI	ε				
i ras r	HE WE	Weather		in Complex		Flows (mgd		grit & ser.		Disinfection		Settleable Solids				pH influent effluent		
date	ra:n	temp	inf temp	max 3	מנתו 4	total 6	nypass	25.17.	6-AL -24 hrs	Cl ₂ resid i0	faw ! I	pri eff 12	sec eff 13	final	h: 15	low 16	hi 17	low 18
	0.49	3	11		0.30	0.563		135	10	0.6 0.8 0.5			1		1.2		6.8	
	1.91	2	10	2.70		1.749	ĺ	50	1 20	0.6 0.6 0.7					72	*	6.9	
		2	9	2.35		1.353		1.5	14	0,5 0.7 0,4					6.9		6.7	
	0.07	2	9	1.30	0.65	1.064		20	10	0.5 05 0.7					6.8		6.7	
		-	П			0.935		1.5	3	0.3 04 0.5					70		6.8	
		0	0	1.60		0 792	-	1.5	7	0.4050.5					7.1	-	68	
	1.90	0	10		0.20			2.0	71	0.50.406					711	529735 - 3	7.0	
- 3		-2	9	1.85	0.80	1.193		25	13	0.40605					69		6.9	on coper
	001	- 3	10		0 50	1.037		1.0	11	040504					7.0		6.8	
		-1	4	1.60	0.55	0.912		1.6	1(0.50.60.5					69		68	
		-7	7	1.50	3 -10	0.896		1.5	11	0.4 05 04					70	-	7.2	2000
	0.36	-3	9		0.55			05	13	0.40606					7.0		6.8	-
	057	-7	9			0.438		1.0	13	0.60506					6.9		6.8	
		-4	9	1.50	0.25	0,905		<i>25</i>	10	0.60.60.6					7.0	3	68	
	-	- 1	10	1.55	0.50	0,913	100	30	11	0.40.50.5					7.0		6.9	
		-2	9	1.55		0,835		20	8	040505					70		6.9	
		- 5	9	1.45	0.50	2.802		1.5	10	050605					(0.8		6.5	
	-	12	9	1.75	0.40	6. 774		1.5	8	040505					68		6.7	
		- 4)	10	1.50	0.40	0 737		1.0	7	0.40.7 06					70		6.8	
		-7	9	1.25	2.400			0	8	0,70606					7.1	1	6.8	
ŀ	122	0	10 1	30	0 36 6	2.643		1.5	7	0.4 0.5 06				7	7.2		69	
(2.06	2	10	1.55 0	350	666		30	7	0.50606					7.2		69	
	-	-2	10 /	1.30 0	201	1614		1.5	7	050706			1000 1000		72		69	
	0.20		9 1	1.30 0	2.40 0			1.0	7	0.5 0.4 06					7.0		6.9	10. 20
	Ι.	-1	9 1	1.30 0	246 C	704		15	7	0.5 0.5 0.7		1			70		69	
	-	$T \perp$	10 1	1.600		0.687		15	7	0.30.405			1		7.7		69	
	-	4			35 0			15	7	0.50.404					7.2		7.1	
				.35 0				1.5	7	050503					7.1		4.9	
	02			1.30 0				2.5	1(0.50.50.5					7,2		6.9	
\mathbb{Z}	.03	7 I l			150			1.0	7	080604					7.2		69	
\Box		2/	0		. 40 C			1.0	7	050304					6.9		6.8	
AL.	.76				12	6.677		52.5	290									
-	1-	1 /	1011	000	1. 4U C	2.841		1.5	9	0.5					7.0		6.9	

Receiving Stream: I	Manchester Harbor
Plant: Manchester V	WTP
Town or City: Manc	hester by the Sea
Month: April	Year: 2018

Department of Environmental Quality Engineering Division of Water Pollution Control

Permit	Number

Federal	Sate:	N

mgd.

Mor

Monthly Operation and Maintenance Report Region: Northeast

mgd. Monthly Average Flow Last Year mgd.

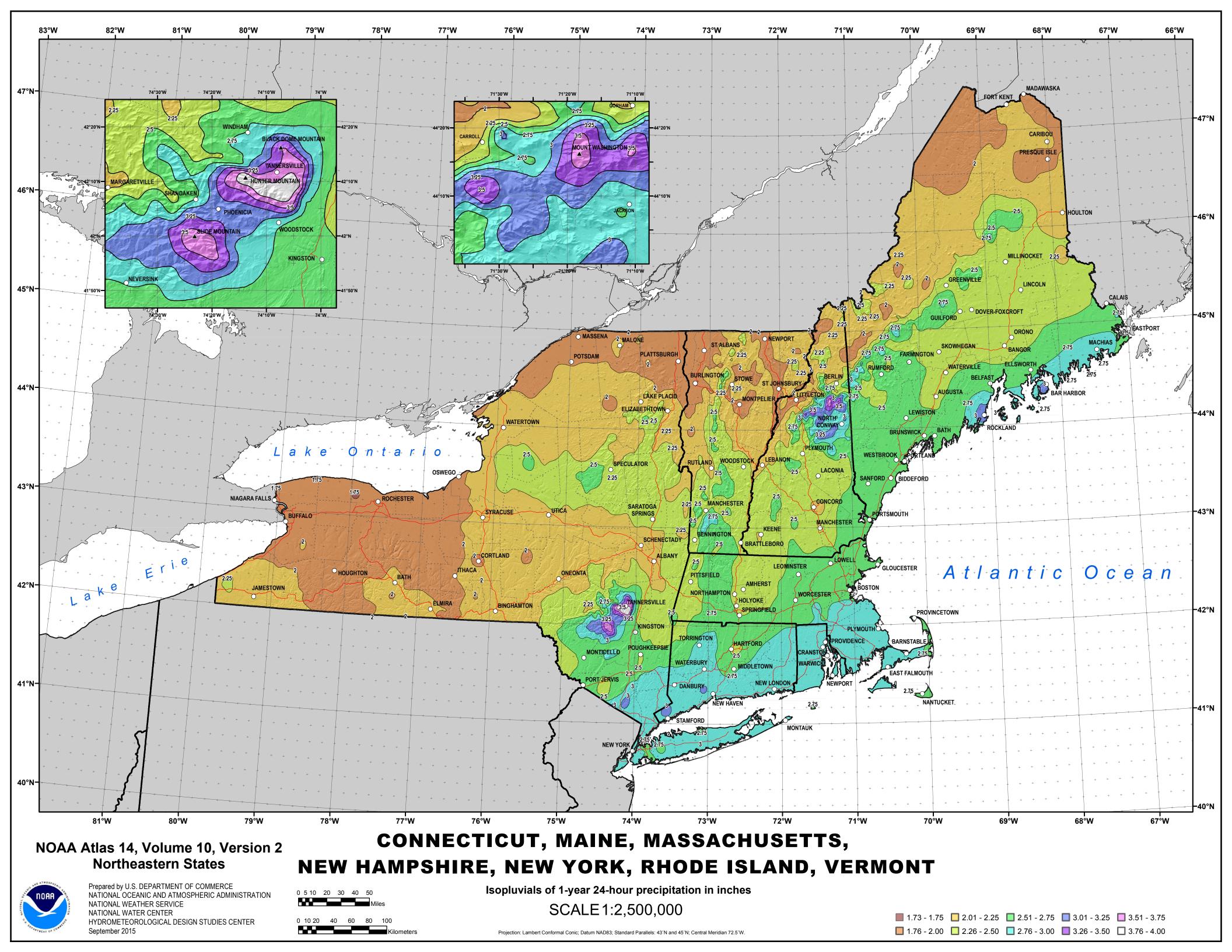
Chief Operator: John S. Sibbalds Assistant Chief Operator: Robert J Willwerth

If Contract Operation Company:

County: Essex

Chief Operator Certification of Report:

Weather				Sewage FI	lows (mgd	1)	Grit & Scr	Disin	fectio	n			Settleab	le Solids	# * · · ·	T	рН			
			Influent			1		Cubic	Gallons/	CI	2 Resi	dual		Primary	Sec.		Infl	uent		ection
Date	Rain	Temp	Temp	Max	Min	Total	Bypass	Feet	24 hrs.	1	2	3	Raw	Effluent	Effluent	Final	High	Low	High	Low
4/1/2018	770	6	10	1.40	0.25	0.608		2.0	7.0	0.5	0.4	0.5					7.1		6.9	
4/2/2018	0.03	1	11	1.30	0.15	0.606		1.0	7.0	0.4	0.5	0.5					7.2		6.9	
4/3/2018	0.37	1	11	1.25	0.05	0.585		1.5	6.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0				7.2		6.9	
4/4/2018	0.14	4	11	1.25	0.10	0.600		2.0	6.0	0.4	0.4	0.6					7.1		6.9	
4/5/2018		-3	10	1.25	0.30	0.580		3.0	7.0	0.4	0.5	0.5	1020 26 202200				7.2		6.9	
4/6/2018	0.33	-4	10	1.25	0.10	0.568	Programme	1.5	7.0	0.5	0.4	0.5					7.2		7.1	
4/7/2018		1	10	1.20	0.30	0.577		1.5	6.0	0.5	0.5	0.4					7.1		7.0	
4/8/2018	40000	-1	10	1.35	0.30	0.580	0	1.5	7.0	0.6	0.5	0.5					7.1		6.8	
4/9/2018		-4	10	1.30	0.15	0.547		2.0	4.0	0.3	0.2	0.6	0				7.2		7.0	
1/10/2018		1	11	1.10	0.20	0.493		2.0	7.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	Ö				7.3		6.9	
1/11/2018		-3	11	1.05	0.05	0.445		1.5	6.0	0.4	0.6	0.3					7.3		6.9	
4/12/2018	0.10	2	12	1.20	0.20	0.478		2.0	6.0	0.5	0.5	0.3					7.3		7.0	W.
1/13/2018		10	11	0.90	0.10	0.381		1.0	6.0	0.6	0.4	0.5					7.4		7.0	
4/14/2018		7	10	0.90	0.20	0.394		1.0	6.0	0.4	0.7	0.5				V1000	7.3		6.8	
4/15/2018		1	10	1.00	0.20	0.426		1.5	8.0	0.5	0.4	0.7	420 - 22 - 140 - 22 - 22 - 22				7.2		6.9	
4/16/2018		1	10	1.80	0.35	1.055		4.5	11.0	0.7	0.6	0.8					7.2		6.9	
4/17/2018	!	6	10	1.65	0.45	0.908		0.5	8.0	0.4	0.5	0.4					7.4		7.0	
4/18/2018	0.02	1	10	1.50	0.20	0.740		1.5	8.0	0.4	0.5	0.5					7.0		6.9	
1/19/2018	0.19	5	10	1.65	0.35	0.770		3.0	8.0	0.2	0.6	0.4					7.2		7.0	
1/20/2018		2	10	1.25	0.35	0.615		1.0	7.0	0.3	0.5	0.6			#10 VI VI WI WINDOWS		7.0		6.9	
1/21/2018		3	10	1.10	0.30	0.566		1.0	7.0	0.4	0.6	0.4					7.1		6.9	
1/22/2018		4	10	1.20	0.25	0.543		1.5	8.0	0.4	0.4	0.7					7.0		7.1	
4/23/2018		0	12	1.05	0.15	0.478		1.0	7.0	0.5	0.5	0.6					7.1		6.9	
1/24/2018	!	6	11	1.05	0.20	0.447		1.0	7.0	0.4	0.5	0.4					7.2	William I	6.9	
4/25/2018	1.61	9	11	1.25	0.10	0.654		1.0	7.0	0.4	0.4	0.4					7.3		6.9	-
1/26/2018	0.04	8	12	1.55	0.50	0.834		2.0	7.0	0.3	0.3	0.4					7.0		6.9	
1/27/2018	0.43	7	11	1.50	0.20	0.801		1.0	10.0	0.5	0.2	0.3					7.1		7.1	
1/28/2018		8	10	1.30	0.40	0.750		1.5	8.0	0.2	0.6	0.5				8	6.8		6.8	
1/29/2018		8	11	1.30	0.35	0.704		1.5	8.0	0.3	0.5	0.5					6.9		6.7	
1/30/2018		4	12	1.45	0.20	0.649		2.0	7.0	0.3	0.4	0.5	90.0				7.1		6.8	
Total	5.53	91	318	38.30	7.00	18.382		49.0	214.0	12.6	14.0	14.7					214.6		207.6	
Average	0.40	3	11	1.28	0.23	0.613		1.6	7.1	0.4	0.5	0.5	enco.				7.2		6.9	



APPENDIX C

Sawmill Brook Flood Mitigation and Restoration Feasibility Field Data Sheet- Salinity Profiles

Manchester Harbor- Below Central Bridge

TRANSECT #	Date:	4.18.18		Observers:					
Highest High Water-HHW	1:51			GCB and DBV					
Start Time	1:30								
Stop Time	2:00								
Transect Width (ft)	32	(43-11)							
EW (ft)	6.4								
EW=Equal Width Interval, LEW	//REW- Left	or Right Side	of Transect	t, VMI= Verti	cal Measure	ement Interv	/al		
				TION POINTS					
	LEW	1	2	3	4	5	REW		
Tape from LEW (ft) =	0	14.2	20.6	27	33.4	39.8	43		
Depth (ft) =	0	9.5	5	5	4	3.5	3.5		
VMI (ft) =	n/a	1.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	n/a	n/a		
		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5				
		2.2	1.3	1.3	1.1				
Measurements at: (distance		3.9	2.1	2.1	1.7				
from water surface)		5.6	2.9	2.9	2.3				
nom water surface)		7.3	3.7	3.7	2.9				
		9	4.5	4.5	3.5				
		LE TO ENTER							
	LEW	1	2	3	4		REW		
Tape from LEW (ft) =	0	14.2	20.6	27	33.4	39.8			
Depth (ft) =		9.5	5	5	4	3.5			
VMI (ft) =	n/a	1.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	n/a		
		2.35	1.37	2.92	2.72	3.32			
		25.93	23.8	22.8	4.9		5.8		
		26.15	26.07	25.9	23.7	26.7			
Salintiy (ppt)		26.46	26.01	26.03	25.87				
		26.47			24				
Madical A. C. P. C.		24.475	40.242=	40.443=	45.222	44.62665=	. /-		
Vertical Average Salinity =		21.472	19.3125	19.4125	16.238	11.626667	n/a		
NOTES:									
include description of tidal									
activity during the									
measurement includign									
direction, velocity, and peak									
level									

Section number	Tape from LEW (ft)	Width of Increment (ft)	Depth of Vertical (ft)	Area of Section (sq ft)	Vertical Average Salinity (ppt)	Product of area and vertical salinity
LEW	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1	14.2	1.7	9.5	16.15	21.47	346.8
2	20.6	0.8	5	4	19.31	77.3
3	27	0.8	5	4	19.41	77.7
4	33.4	0.8	4	3.2	16.24	52.0
5	39.8	0.8	3.5	2.8	11.63	32.6
REW	43	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
			Sum=	30.15	Sum=	586.2
			Area-weigh	ted Salinity=		19.4

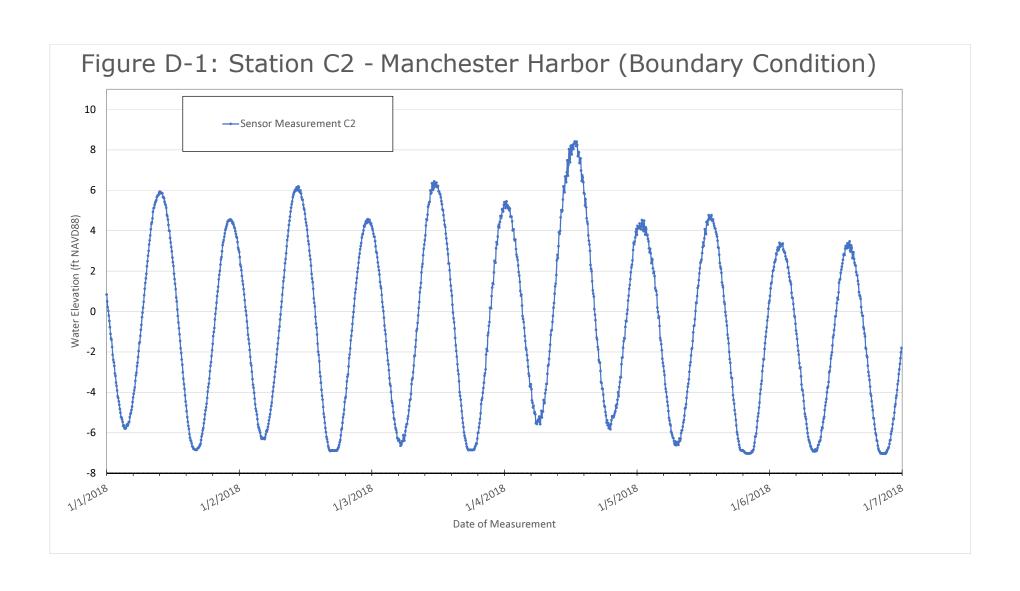
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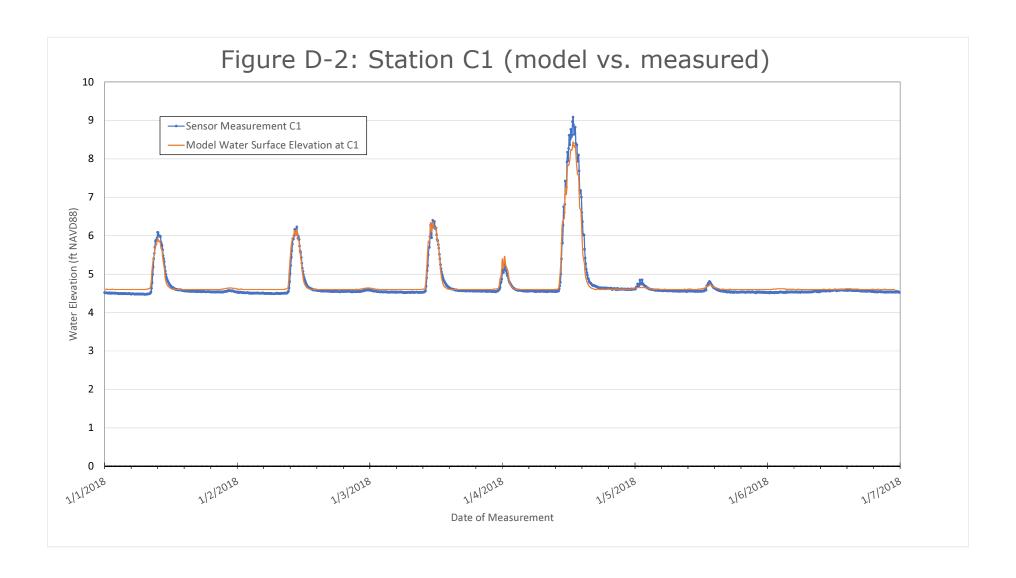
Sawmill Brook Flood Mitigation and Restoration Feasibility Field Data Sheet- Salinity Profiles

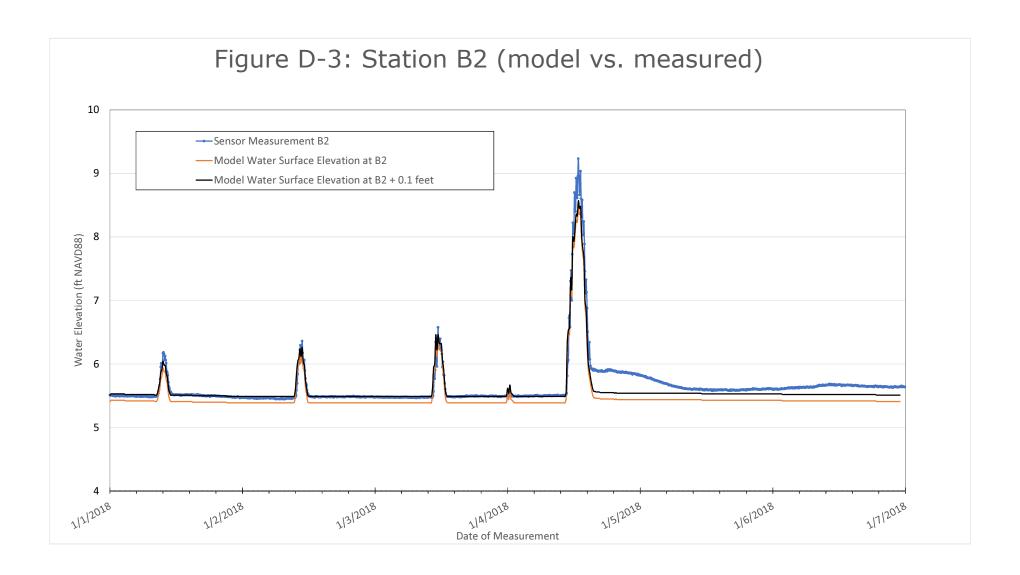
Above Central Bridge

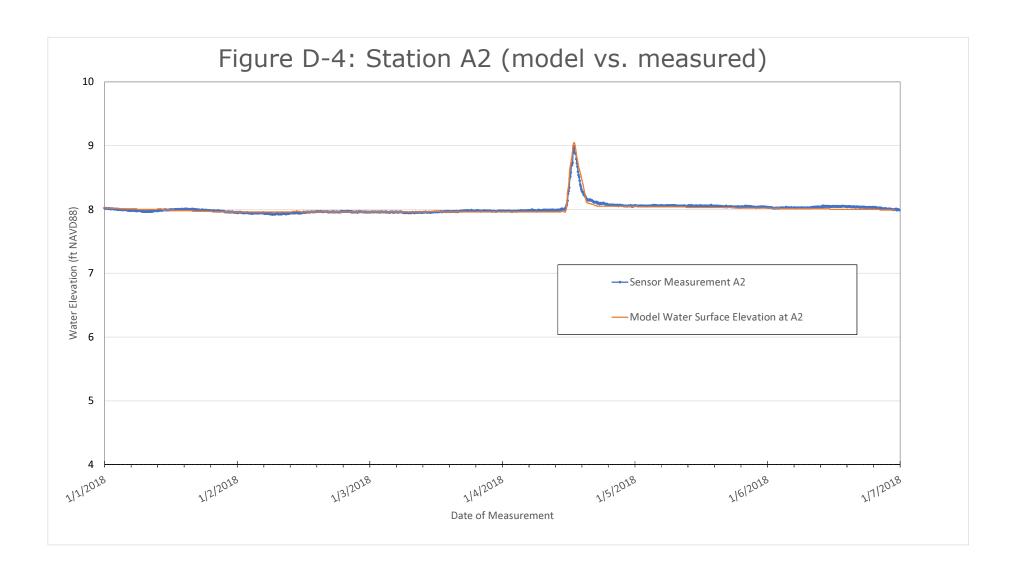
TRANSECT #	Date:	4.18.18		Observers:					
Highest High Water-HHV	1:51			GCB and DBV					
Start Time	2:15								
Stop Time	2:30								
Transect Width (ft)	18								
EW (ft)	3.6								
EW=Equal Width Interva		W- Left or F	Right Side o	of Transect,	VMI= Vert	ical Measu	rement Int		
,			_	VATION PO					
	LEW	1	2	3	4	5	REW		
Tape from LEW (ft) =	0	13.8	17.4	21	24.6	28.2			
Depth (ft) =	0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9			
VMI (ft) =	n/a	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78			
		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5			
		1.28	1.28	1.28	1.28	1.28			
Measurements at:		2.06	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.06			
(distance from water		2.84	2.84	2.84	2.84	2.84			
surface)		3.62	3.62	3.62	3.62	3.62			
		4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4			
		LE TO ENTE		/ READINGS					
	LEW	1	2	3	4		REW		
Tape from LEW (ft) =	0	13.8	17.4	21	24.6	28.2			
Depth (ft) =	0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9			
VMI (ft) =	n/a	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78			
		0.17	0.16	0.15	0.15	0.2			
		0.17	0.17	0.16	0.17	0.31			
		0.17	0.19	0.17	0.24	0.3			
Salintiy (ppt)		0.17	5	0.23	0.5	0.53			
		0.17	15.3	15	1.1	1.2			
		0.16	19.8	16.4	3	4.11			
/ertical Average Salinity =		0.17	4.164	3.142	0.432	0.508			
NOTES:	Gage C 4.9		4.104	3.142	0.432	0.508			
include description of	Gage C 4.3	tide Hight							
tidal activity during the									
measurement includign									
direction, velocity, and									
peak level									
peak level									

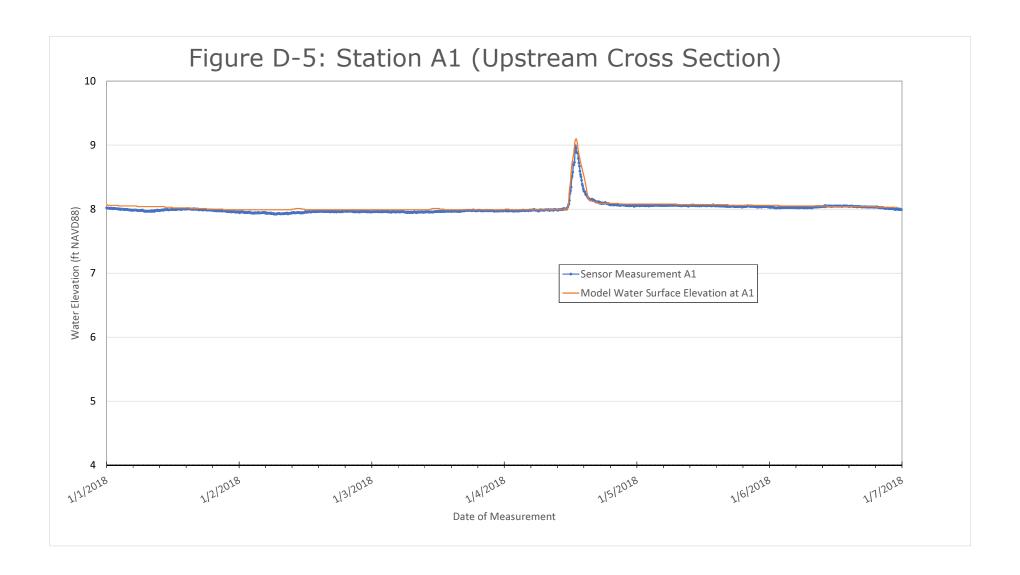
Section number	Tape from LEW (ft)	Width of Increment (ft)	Depth of Vertical (ft)	Area of Section (sq ft)	Vertical Average Salinity (ppt)	Product of area and vertical salinity	
LEW	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
1	13.8	0.78	4.9	3.822	0.17	0.6	
2	17.4	0.78	4.9	3.822	4.16	15.9	
3	21	0.78	4.9	3.822	3.14	12.0	
4	24.6	0.78	4.9	3.822	0.43	1.7	
5	28.2	0.78	4.9	3.822	0.51	1.9	
REW		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
			Sum=	19.11	Sum=	32.2	
			Area-weigl	nted Salinit	y=	1.7	











APPENDIX D

APPENDIX E Tighe&Bond

Appendix E

Salinity and Flushing Time Calculations

1. Fraction of Salt Water from Manchester Harbor Upstream of Central Street Calculations

Salinity measurements were taken upstream and downstream of Central Street on April 18, 2018, as described in the Task 2 memo. Based on field measurements the inflow from upstream of Sawmill Brook can be considered "freshwater" so the salinity upstream of Central Street can be used as an indicator for the fraction of water from Manchester Harbor. The concentration dilution formula is therefore used to calculate the ratio of inflow from Manchester Harbor to the total pond inflow. The concentration dilution formula as related to the site can be described as:

$$S_{US} = \frac{S_{FW}Q_{FW} + S_{DS}Q_{DS}}{Q_{FW} + Q_{DS}}$$

Where,

 S_{US} = Salinity upstream of Central Street (downstream of Central Pond) (ppt) S_{FW} = Salinity of freshwater Sawmill Brook flow from upstream of Central Pond (ppt) Q_{FW} = Sawmill Brook freshwater flow from upstream of Central Pond (ft³/s) S_{DS} = Salinity of flow from downstream of Central Pond (Manchester Harbor)(ppt) Q_{DS} = Flow from downstream of Central Pond (Manchester Harbor) (ft³/s)

$$note, \qquad S_{FW} = 0$$

$$therefore, \qquad S_{FW}Q_{FW} = 0$$

$$therefore, \qquad S_{US}(Q_{FW} + Q_{DS}) = S_{DS}Q_{DS}$$

$$rearranged, \qquad \frac{S_{US}}{S_{DS}} = \frac{Q_{DS}}{(Q_{FW} + Q_{DS})}$$

$$Adding \ measured \ concentrations, \qquad \frac{Q_{DS}}{(Q_{FW} + Q_{DS})} = \frac{1.7 \ ppt}{19.8 \ ppt} = 0.09 \approx 10\%$$

Approximately 10-percent of the water column upstream of Central Street appears to be from Manchester Harbor, with the other 90-percent from Sawmill Brook (freshwater).

APPENDIX E Tighe&Bond

2. Flushing Time Calculation

The flushing time was estimated using the Knudsen Formula¹, because it is considered a suitable method for highly stratified estuaries as observed at Central Pond. The Knudsen Formula as related to Central Pond is:

$$T_F = \frac{V}{R} \left(1 - \frac{S_{TOP}}{S_{BOTTOM}} \right)$$

Where,

 T_F = Flushing Time (seconds)

 $V = Tidal Prism Volume of Central Pond (ft^3)$

 $R = Flow of Water Leaving Central Pond (ft^3/s)$

 S_{TOP} = Salinity toward the top of the water column (defined as top 2.1 feet) (ppt)

Sbottom = Salinity toward the bottom of the water column (defined as deep than 2.1 feet) (ppt)

Measured and computed parameters (as described in the Task 2 Memo) can be used to estimate the flushing time. The flow and salinity profiles measured upstream of Central Street on April 18, 2018 were used for the calculations, as well as the computed tidal prism when the tide gate is open. By adding the measured and computed parameters to the Knudsen Formula the equation becomes:

$$T_F = \frac{194,130 ft^3/s}{26.7 ft^3} \left(1 - \frac{0.18 ppt}{4.19 ppt}\right)$$

Therefore, $T_F = 6,960 \ seconds$

With Unit Conversion to hours, $T_F = 1.9 \text{ hours}$

¹ Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO (IOC-UNESCO) "Flushing Time". https://www.mtoceanography.info/ShelfCoast/notes/chapter15.html.